The attention of the Council is drawn to information annexed to the further report of the Secretary-General (S/23687, annex II), of 7 March 1992, relative to the two last inspections by IAEA, on Iraq's compliance with its obligations under Council resolutions as they relate to nuclear activities.

"17. In a statement issued on behalf of the members of the Council (S/23609), the President stated on 19 February 1992:

> 'Iraq's failure to acknowledge its obligations under resolutions 707 (1991) and 715 (1991), its rejection up until now of the two plans for ongoing monitoring and verification and its failure to provide the full, final and complete disclosure of its weapons capabilities constitute a continuing material breach of the relevant provisions of resolution 687 (1991).'

"18. In a further statement made on 28 February 1992 on behalf of the Council (S/23663), the President said:

> 'The members of the Council deplore and condemn the failure of the Government of Iraq to provide the Special Commission with full, final and complete disclosure, as required by resolution 707 (1991), of all aspects of its programmes to develop weapons of mass destruction and ballistic missiles with a range greater than 150 km, including launchers, and of all holdings of such weapons, their components and production facilities and locations, as well as all other nuclear programmes; and the failure of Iraq to comply with the plans for ongoing monitoring and verification approved by resolution 715 (1991). ... Furthermore, the members of the Council equally deplore and condemn Iraq's failure, within the time prescribed by the Special Commission at the request of Iraq, to commence destruction of ballistic missile-related equipment designated for destruction by the Special Commission. The members of the Council reaffirm that it is for the Special Commission alone to determine which items must be destroyed under paragraph 9 of resolution 687 (1991).'

"(c) Repatriation of and access to Kuwaiti and third-country nationals in Iraq

"19. As regards Kuwaiti and third-country nationals in Iraq, Security Council resolutions 664 (1990), 666 (1990), 667 (1990), 674 (1990), 686 (1991) and 687 (1991) impose an obligation on Iraq to release, facilitate repatriation of, and arrange for immediate access to them, as well as the return of the remains of any deceased personnel of the forces of Kuwait and of the Member States cooperating with Kuwait pursuant to resolution 678 (1990). Furthermore, paragraph 30 of resolution 687 (1991) requires Iraq to extend all necessary cooperation to the International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC) in facilitating the search for Kuwaiti and third-country nationals still unaccounted for.

"20. The Security Council was informed by ICRC in January 1992 that almost 7,000 persons have returned from Iraq to their countries since the beginning of March 1991. ICRC also stated that despite all its efforts, there are still thousands of persons reported missing by the parties to the conflict.

"21. A special commission composed of the representatives of France, Iraq, Kuwait, Saudi Arabia, the United Kingdom and the United States has met

under the auspices of ICRC, to try to reach an agreement on, among other things, the implementation of paragraph 30 of resolution 687 (1991). However, ICRC has informed the Council that it has not yet received any information as to the whereabouts of the persons reported missing in Iraq. Nor has it received detailed and documented information on the search conducted by the Iraqi authorities. Finally, it is also still awaiting information on persons who have died while in custody.

"22. The attention of the Council is drawn to section 4, paragraphs 12 to 14, of the Secretary-General's report of 7 March 1992 (S/23687).

"(d) Iraq's liability under international law

"23. Another obligation concerns Iraq's liability under international law. In resolution 674 (1990), the Security Council reminds Iraq 'that under international law it is liable for any loss, damage or injury arising in regard to Kuwait and third States and their nationals and corporations, as a result of the invasion and illegal occupation of Kuwait by Iraq'. Its liability under international law is reaffirmed in paragraph 2 (b) of resolution 686 (1991) and paragraph 16 of resolution 687 (1991). Resolution 687 (1991) further specifies that it 'is liable under international law for any direct loss, damage, including environmental damage and the depletion of natural resources, or injury to foreign Governments, nationals and corporations, as a result of Iraq's unlawful invasion and occupation of Kuwait'.

"24. By paragraph 18 of the same resolution, the Security Council created a Fund to pay compensation for claims that fall within paragraph 16, to be financed by a percentage of the value of the exports of petroleum and petroleum products from Iraq. In view of the existing economic sanctions against Iraq under resolution 661 (1990), Iraq was permitted by the Security Council under resolutions 706 (1991) and 712 (1991) to sell a limited quantity of oil, as an exception, a portion of the proceeds from which would be used to provide financial resources for the Fund. To date, it has not availed itself of this possibility. The Council notes that this authorization is due to lapse on 18 March 1992. The members of the Council are aware of a request by Iraq for a five-year moratorium on meeting its financial obligations, including payments into the Compensation Fund.

"(e) Repayment and servicing of Iraq's foreign debt

"25. With regard to another obligation, the Security Council, in paragraph 17 of resolution 687 (1991), demands that Iraq scrupulously adhere to all of its obligations concerning servicing and repayment of its foreign debt.

"26. The attention of the Council is drawn to paragraphs 17 and 18 of the Secretary-General's report of 7 March 1992 (S/23687).

"(f) Return of property

"27. I now turn to the question of return of property. The Security Council, in paragraph 2 (d) of resolution 686 (1991), demands that Iraq immediately begin to return all Kuwaiti property seized by it, to be completed in the shortest possible period. The members of the Council have noted with satisfaction that, as stated in the further report of the Secretary-General, Iraqi officials involved with the return of property

have extended maximum cooperation to the United Nations to facilitate the return.

"(g) Monthly statements of gold and foreign currency reserves

"28. Another obligation is set out by paragraph 7 of resolution 706 (1991), under which the Government of Iraq is required to provide to the Secretary-General and appropriate international organizations monthly statements of its gold and foreign currency reserves. To date, no such statements have been provided to the Secretary-General or to the International Monetary Fund.

"(h) Undertaking not to commit or support acts of international terrorism

"29. By paragraph 32 of resolution 687 (1991), Iraq is required not to commit or support acts of international terrorism or allow any organization directed towards commission of such acts to operate within its territory and to condemn unequivocally and renounce all acts, methods, and practices of terrorism.

"30. The Council notes Iraq's statements contained in letters dated 11 June 1991 (S/22687 and S/22689) and 23 January 1992 (S/23472) that it is a party to international conventions against terrorism and that it has never pursued a policy favourable to international terrorism as defined by international law.

"(i) Security Council action with respect to the Iraqi civilian population

"31. Resolutions 706 (1991) and 712 (1991) provide a means for Iraq to meet its obligations to supply its civilian population with needed humanitarian assistance, particularly food and medicine. To date, Iraq has refused to implement these resolutions. In fact after initiating discussions with Secretariat representatives on implementation, Iraq abruptly terminated the discussions.

"III. SECURITY COUNCIL RESOLUTION 688 (1991)

"32. I should now like to refer to the demands by the Security Council with respect to the Iraqi civilian population. In paragraph 2 of resolution 688 (1991), the Security Council demands that Iraq, as a contribution to removing the threat to international peace and security in the region, end the repression of its civilian population. In paragraphs 3 and 7, the Security Council insists that it allow immediate access by international humanitarian organizations to all those in need of assistance in all parts of Iraq, and demands its cooperation with the Secretary-General to these ends.

"33. The Security Council remains deeply concerned at the grave human rights abuses that, despite the provisions of resolution 688 (1991), the Government of Iraq continues to perpetrate against its population, in particular in the northern region of Iraq, in southern Shi'a centres and in the southern marshes. The Security Council notes that this situation is confirmed by the report of the Special Rapporteur of the Commission on Human Rights (S/23685/Add.1) and by the comments of the Office of the

Executive Delegate of the Secretary-General contained in the further report of the Secretary-General.

"34. The members of the Council are particularly concerned at the reported restrictions on the supplies of essential commodities, in particular food and fuel, which have been imposed by the Government of Iraq on the three northern governorates of Dohuk, Erbil and Suleimaniya. In this regard, as the Special Rapporteur has noted in his report, inasmuch as the repression of the population continues, the threat to international peace and security in the region mentioned in resolution 688 (1991) remains.

"IV. CONCLUDING OBSERVATION

"35. In view of the observations on the record of Iraq's performance, the Security Council has considered itself justified in concluding that Iraq has not fully complied with the obligations placed upon it by the Council. It is the Council's hope and expectation that this meeting will prove an invaluable opportunity to advance in the consideration of this issue as required in the interest of world peace and security, as well as that of the Iraqi people."

The Council then heard statements by the representatives of Austria, the United Kingdom, France, the United States, the Russian Federation, China, Japan, Hungary, Belgium, Ecuador, India, Cape Verde, Zimbabwe and Morocco, and by the President, in his capacity as the representative of Venezuela.

The Deputy Prime Minister of Iraq made a statement.

The President made a statement on procedure.

The meeting was suspended.

The Council continued its consideration of the item later that day and heard statements by the Director General of IAEA and the Executive Chairman of the Special Commission.

The representative of Kuwait made a statement.

Further statements were made by the representatives of the United Kingdom, the United States, India and France.

The meeting was suspended until the following day.

On 12 March, the Council continued its consideration of the item and heard a statement by the Deputy Prime Minister of Iraq, in response to the introductory statement made by the President on behalf of the Council and the questions and concerns expressed by members in the course of the Council's deliberations the previous day.

The representatives of the United States, the United Kingdom and Japan made statements.

The meeting was suspended.

When the meeting resumed, the President made the following statement (S/23709) on behalf of the Council:

"In concluding the present stage of the consideration of the item on the agenda, I have been authorized, following consultations among members of the Security Council, to make the following statement on behalf of the Council:

'The views of the Security Council having been expressed through its President and by the statements of its members on the extent of compliance by the Government of Iraq with its obligations under the relevant Security Council resolutions, the Security Council has listened with close attention to the statement by the Deputy Prime Minister of Iraq and his responses to the questions posed by Council members.

'The members of the Security Council wish to reiterate their full support for the statement made by the President of the Council on their behalf at the opening of the 3059th meeting (S/23699).

'In the view of the Security Council, the Government of Iraq has not yet complied fully and unconditionally with those obligations, must do so and must immediately take the appropriate actions in this regard. It hopes that the goodwill expressed by the Deputy Prime Minister of Iraq will be matched by deeds.'"

C. Communications received between 12 March and 3 June 1992

Letter dated 12 March 1992 (S/23703) from the representative of the Islamic Republic of Iran addressed to the President of the Security Council.

Letter dated 14 May (S/23937 and Corr.1) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of a letter dated 13 May 1992 from the representative of Iraq to the President of the Security Council, and enclosure.

Letter dated 3 June (S/24061) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting a letter dated 2 June 1992 from the Chairman of the Legislative Council of the Kurdish Autonomous Region in Iraq to the Secretary-General, and enclosure.

Chapter 19

LETTER DATED 2 APRIL 1992 FROM THE PERMANENT REPRESENTATIVE OF VENEZUELA TO THE UNITED NATIONS ADDRESSED TO THE PRESIDENT OF THE SECURITY COUNCIL

A. Communications received on 2 April 1992 and request for a meeting

Letter dated 2 April 1992 (S/23771) from the representative of Venezuela addressed to the President of the Security Council, requesting an urgent meeting of the Council.

Letter dated 2 April (S/23776) from the representative of Venezuela addressed to the President of the Security Council.

B. Consideration at the 3064th meeting (2 April 1992)

At its 3064th meeting, on 2 April, the Council included the following item in its agenda without objection:

> "Letter dated 2 April 1992 from the Permanent Representative of Venezuela to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/23771)".

The President informed the Council that, following consultations among the members of the Security Council, he had been authorized to make the following statement (S/23772) on behalf of the Council:

> "The Security Council strongly condemns the violent attacks on and destruction of the premises of the Embassy of Venezuela in Tripoli that took place today. The fact that these intolerable and extremely grave events have been directed not only against the Government of Venezuela but also against and in reaction to Security Council resolution 748 (1992) underlines the seriousness of the situation.
>
> "The Council demands that the Government of the Libyan Arab Jamahiriya take all necessary measures to honour its international legal obligations to ensure the security of the personnel and to protect the property of the Embassy of Venezuela and of all other diplomatic and consular premises or personnel present in the Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, including those of the United Nations and related organizations, from acts of violence and terrorism.
>
> "The Council further demands that the Libyan Arab Jamahiriya pay to the Government of Venezuela immediate and full compensation for the damage caused.
>
> "Any suggestion that those acts of violence were not directed against the Government of Venezuela but against and in reaction to resolution 748 (1992) is extremely serious and totally unacceptable."

C. Communication received on 8 April 1992

Letter dated 8 April 1992 (S/23796) from the representative of Venezuela addressed to the President of the Security Council.

Chapter 20*

REPORT OF THE SECRETARY-GENERAL PURSUANT TO SECURITY COUNCIL RESOLUTION 743 (1992)

A. Communications received on 2 and 3 April 1992 and report of the Secretary-General

Report of the Secretary-General dated 2 April 1992 (S/23777) on the establishment of the United Nations Protection Force, submitted pursuant to Security Council resolution 743 (1992).

Letter dated 3 April (S/23784) from the representative of Hungary addressed to the Secretary-General.

B. Consideration at the 3066th meeting (7 April 1992)

At its 3066th meeting, held on 7 April in accordance with the understanding reached in its prior consultations, the Council included the following item in its agenda without objection:

"Report of the Secretary-General pursuant to Security Council resolution 743 (1992) (S/23777)".

The President, with the consent of the Council, invited the representative of Yugoslavia, at his request, to participate in the discussion without the right to vote.

The President drew attention to the provisional text of a draft resolution (S/23788) that had been prepared in the course of the Council's prior consultations, and to revisions to the draft resolution in its provisional form.

The Council then proceeded to vote on draft resolution S/23788, as orally revised in its provisional form.

Decision: At the 3066th meeting, on 7 April 1992, the draft resolution (S/23788), as orally revised in its provisional form, was adopted unanimously as resolution 749 (1992).

Resolution 749 (1992) reads as follows:

"The Security Council,

"Reaffirming its resolutions 713 (1991) of 25 September 1991, 721 (1991) of 27 November 1991, 724 (1991) of 15 December 1991, 727 (1992) of 8 January 1992, 740 (1992) of 7 February 1992 and 743 (1992) of 21 February 1992,

"Taking note of the report of the Secretary-General of 2 April 1992 (S/23777) submitted pursuant to resolution 743 (1992),

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* See also chaps. 4, 9, 10, 13 and 14 above and chaps. 22, 25, 27, 28, 60 and 74 below.

"Recalling its primary responsibility under the Charter of the United Nations for the maintenance of international peace and security,

"Welcoming the progress made towards the establishment of the United Nations Protection Force and the continuing contacts by the Secretary-General with all parties and others concerned to stabilize the cease-fire,

"Expressing its concern about reports on the daily violations of the cease-fire and the continuing tension in a number of regions even after the arrival of advance elements of UNPROFOR,

"1. Approves the report of the Secretary-General of 2 April 1992 (S/23777);

"2. Decides to authorize the earliest possible full deployment of UNPROFOR;

"3. Urges all parties and others concerned to make further efforts to maximize their contributions towards offsetting the costs of UNPROFOR, in order to help secure the most efficient and cost-effective operation possible;

"4. Further urges all parties and others concerned to take all action necessary to ensure complete freedom of aerial movement for UNPROFOR;

"5. Calls upon all parties and others concerned not to resort to violence, particularly in any area where UNPROFOR is to be based or deployed;

"6. Appeals to all parties and others concerned in Bosnia and Herzegovina to cooperate with the efforts of the European Community to bring about a cease-fire and a negotiated political solution."

C. Communications received on 10 April 1992

Letter dated 10 April 1992 (S/23805) from the representative of Germany addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting a letter of the same date from the Federal Minister for Foreign Affairs of Germany to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 10 April (S/23807) from the representative of Yugoslavia addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of an aide-memoire (undated) by the Government of Yugoslavia.

D. Consideration at the 3068th meeting (10 April 1992)

At its 3068th meeting, held on 10 April in accordance with the understanding reached in its prior consultations, the Council included the following item in its agenda without objection:

"Report of the Secretary-General pursuant to Security Council resolution 743 (1992) (S/23777)".

The President stated that, following consultations among the members of the Security Council, he had been authorized to make the following statement (S/23802) on behalf of the Council:

"The Security Council, alarmed by reports on rapid deterioration of the situation in Bosnia and Herzegovina, reiterates the appeal in Security Council resolution 749 (1992) to all parties and others concerned in Bosnia and Herzegovina to stop the fighting immediately. It invites the Secretary-General to dispatch urgently to the area his Personal Envoy to act in close cooperation with representatives of the European Community whose current efforts are aimed at stopping the fighting and at bringing about a peaceful solution to the crisis, and to report to the Council."

Chapter 21*

STATEMENT BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE SECURITY COUNCIL CONCERNING THE SITUATION RELATING TO AFGHANISTAN

On 16 April 1992, following consultations of the Council, the President issued the following statement (S/23818) on behalf of the members of the Council:

> "The members of the Security Council strongly endorse the statement on the situation in Afghanistan issued by the Secretary-General on 10 April 1992 and share the Secretary-General's concern about the recent events there expressed in his statement of 16 April 1992. In this regard, it is imperative that all concerned display restraint and support the efforts of his Personal Representative towards a political solution to the Afghanistan crisis, to which there is no viable alternative. Such a solution has been proposed by the Secretary-General with the objective of bringing an end to bloodshed and violence, promoting national reconciliation, and safeguarding the unity and territorial integrity of Afghanistan. Failure to do so could only perpetuate the suffering of the Afghan people. The members of the Council urge all parties in Afghanistan to assure the safety of all, especially United Nations personnel and their complete freedom of movement and the safety of the personnel of all diplomatic missions, as well as the safe departure of those who have chosen to leave."

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* See also chap. 35 below.

Chapter 22*

LETTER DATED 23 APRIL 1992 FROM THE CHARGE D'AFFAIRES A.I. OF THE PERMANENT MISSION OF AUSTRIA TO THE UNITED NATIONS ADDRESSED TO THE PRESIDENT OF THE SECURITY COUNCIL

LETTER DATED 24 APRIL 1992 FROM THE PERMANENT REPRESENTATIVE OF FRANCE TO THE UNITED NATIONS ADDRESSED TO THE PRESIDENT OF THE SECURITY COUNCIL

A. Communications received between 14 and 24 April 1992, requests for a meeting and report of the Secretary-General

Letter dated 14 April 1992 (S/23812) from the representatives of Belgium, France and the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland addressed to the President of the Security Council, transmitting the text of a statement adopted at Lisbon and Brussels on 11 April 1992 by the European Community and its member States.

Letter dated 21 April (S/23830) from the representatives of Belgium, France and the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland addressed to the President of the Security Council, transmitting the text of a statement adopted at Lisbon and Brussels on 16 April 1992 by the European Community and its member States.

Letter dated 22 April (S/23832) from the representative of Albania addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of a declaration of the Government of Albania.

Letter dated 23 April (S/23833) from the representative of Austria addressed to the President of the Security Council, transmitting a letter of the same date from the Federal Minister for Foreign Affairs of Austria to the President of the Security Council, requesting a meeting of the Council.

Report of the Secretary-General dated 24 April (S/23836), submitted pursuant to Security Council resolution 749 (1992).

Letter dated 24 April (S/23838) from the representative of France addressed to the President of the Security Council, requesting an urgent meeting of the Council.

Letter dated 24 April (S/23840) from the representatives of Austria and Hungary addressed to the President of the Security Council, transmitting the text of a joint declaration issued on 24 April 1992 by the Ministers for Foreign Affairs of Austria, Croatia, Hungary and Slovenia.

B. Consideration at the 3070th meeting (24 April 1992)

At its 3070th meeting, on 24 April, the Council included the following item in its agenda without objection:

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* See also chaps. 4, 9, 10, 13, 14 and 20 above and chaps. 25, 27, 28, 60 and 74 below.

"Letter dated 23 April 1992 from the Chargé d'affaires a.i. of the Permanent Mission of Austria to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/23833);

"Letter dated 24 April 1992 from the Permanent Representative of France to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/23838)".

The President stated that, following consultations among the members of the Security Council, he had been authorized to make the following statement (S/23842) on behalf of the Council:

"In advance of its consideration of the report of the Secretary-General pursuant to Security Council resolution 749 (1992) (S/23836) the Security Council had an exchange of views in the course of which various proposals were made with regard to the situation in Bosnia and Herzegovina.

"The Security Council notes with deep concern the rapid and violent deterioration of the situation in Bosnia and Herzegovina, which in addition to causing an increasing number of deaths of many innocent victims further risks compromising peace and security in the region.

"It welcomes the recent efforts of the European Community and the Secretary-General aimed at prevailing upon the parties to respect fully the cease-fire signed on 12 April 1992 under the auspices of the European Community. It notes with satisfaction the decision of the Secretary-General to accelerate the deployment in Bosnia and Herzegovina of the 100 military observers from UNPROFOR, 41 to be deployed in the Mostar region immediately. The presence of these military observers, like that of the monitors of the European Community, should help the parties to implement their commitment, undertaken on 23 April 1992, to respect the cease-fire. The Council welcomes the support given by the Conference on Security and Cooperation in Europe to the efforts of the European Community and the United Nations.

"The Council demands that all forms of interference from outside Bosnia and Herzegovina cease immediately. In this respect, it specifically calls upon Bosnia and Herzegovina's neighbours to exercise all their influence to end such interference. The Council condemns publicly and unreservedly the use of force, and calls upon all regular or irregular military forces to act in accordance with this principle. It emphasizes the value of close and continuous coordination between the Secretary-General and the European Community in order to obtain the necessary commitments from all parties and others concerned.

"The Council urges all the parties to respect immediately and fully the cease-fire, and condemns all breaches of the cease-fire from whatever quarter.

"The Council supports the efforts undertaken by the European Community in the framework of the discussions on constitutional arrangements for Bosnia and Herzegovina under the auspices of the Conference on Yugoslavia. It urges the three communities in Bosnia and Herzegovina to participate actively and constructively in these talks and to conclude and implement the constitutional arrangements being developed at the tripartite talks.

"The Council calls upon all parties and others concerned to facilitate humanitarian assistance and cooperate so that deliveries of humanitarian assistance reach their destination.

"The Council has decided to remain actively seized of the matter, and to continue its consideration of the further contribution that it can make to the restoration of peace and security in Bosnia and Herzegovina."

Chapter 23

THE SITUATION IN LIBERIA

A. Communication received on 11 February 1992

Letter dated 11 February 1992 (S/23585) from the representative of Liberia addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting a letter of the same date from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of the Interim Government of National Unity of Liberia to the Secretary-General.

B. Consideration at the 3071st meeting (7 May 1992)

At its 3071st meeting, on 7 May, the Council included the following item in its agenda without objection:

"The situation in Liberia".

The President drew the attention of the members of the Council to a letter dated 30 April from the representative of Senegal addressed to the Secretary-General (S/23863), transmitting, on behalf of the current Chairman of the Economic Community of West African States (ECOWAS), the text of the communiqué issued on 7 April 1992 by the Committee of Five on Liberia after a meeting held at Geneva on 6 and 7 April.

The President stated that, following consultations among the members of the Security Council, he had been authorized to make the following statement (S/23886) on behalf of the Council:

> "The members of the Security Council recalled the statement made by the President of the Council on behalf of the Council on 22 January 1991 concerning the situation in Liberia (S/22133).
>
> "The members of the Security Council noted with appreciation the final communiqué of the informal consultative group meeting of the Economic Community of West African States Committee of Five on Liberia issued at Geneva on 7 April 1992 (S/23863).
>
> "The members of the Security Council commend ECOWAS and its various organs, in particular the Committee of Five, for their untiring efforts to bring the Liberian conflict to a speedy conclusion.
>
> "In this connection the members of the Security Council believe that the Yamoussoukro Accord of 30 October 1991 offers the best possible framework for a peaceful resolution of the Liberian conflict by creating the necessary conditions for free and fair elections in Liberia.
>
> "The members of the Security Council renew their call to all parties to the conflict in Liberia to respect and implement the various accords of the peace process in the framework of the ECOWAS Committee of Five, including refraining from actions which endanger the security of neighbouring States.
>
> "The members of the Security Council commend the efforts of the Secretary-General in providing humanitarian assistance to the victims of the civil war in Liberia and in this regard reaffirm their support for increased assistance."

Chapter 24

THE SITUATION RELATING TO NAGORNY-KARABAKH

A. Communications received between 13 March and 11 May 1992 and request for a meeting

Letter dated 13 March 1992 (S/23716) from the representative of Ukraine addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of a statement dated 6 March 1992 by the President of Ukraine on the events around Nagorny-Karabakh.

Letter dated 27 March (S/23760) from the representative of the Islamic Republic of Iran addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting a statement (undated) by the mediating delegation of the Islamic Republic of Iran on the extension of the cease-fire in Nagorny-Karabakh.

Letter dated 9 May (S/23894) from the representative of Azerbaijan addressed to the President of the Security Council, transmitting a statement (undated) by the President of the Azerbaijan Republic.

Letter dated 11 May (S/23896) from the representative of Armenia addressed to the President of the Security Council, transmitting a letter dated 9 May 1992 from the President of Armenia to the President of the Security Council, requesting an emergency meeting of the Council to discuss the escalation of the conflict in Nagorny-Karabakh.

B. Consideration at the 3072nd meeting (12 May 1992)

At its 3072nd meeting, on 12 May, the Council included the following item in its agenda without objection:

"The situation relating to Nagorny-Karabakh:

> "Letter dated 9 May 1992 from the Permanent Representative of Azerbaijan to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/23894);
>
> "Letter dated 11 May 1992 from the Permanent Representative of Armenia to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/23896)".

The President stated that, following consultations among the members of the Security Council, he had been authorized to make the following statement (S/23904) on behalf of the Council:

> "The members of the Security Council are deeply concerned by recent reports on the deterioration of the situation relating to Nagorny-Karabakh and by violations of cease-fire agreements which have caused heavy losses of human life and widespread material damage, and by their consequences for the countries of the region.
>
> "The members of the Security Council commend and support the efforts undertaken within the framework of the Conference on Security and Cooperation in Europe as well as other efforts aimed at assisting the parties in arriving at a peaceful settlement and at providing humanitarian assistance.

"They welcome the urgent dispatch by the Secretary-General of a mission to the region for fact-finding and to study ways and means to speedily assist the efforts undertaken within the framework of CSCE to help the parties to reach a peaceful settlement. This mission will also include a technical element to look into ways the international community could provide prompt humanitarian assistance.

"The members of the Security Council call upon all concerned to take all steps necessary to bring the violence to an end, to facilitate the work of the Secretary-General's mission and to ensure the safety of its personnel. They recall the statements made on their behalf by the President of the Council on 29 January (S/23496) and 14 February 1992 (S/23597) on the admission, respectively, of Armenia and Azerbaijan to the United Nations, in particular the reference to the principles of the Charter of the United Nations relating to the peaceful settlement of disputes and the non-use of force."

C. Communications received between 14 May and 12 June 1992

Letter dated 14 May 1992 (S/23926) from the representative of Azerbaijan addressed to the President of the Security Council, transmitting the text of a statement (undated) by the Ministry for Foreign Affairs of Azerbaijan on the events taking place in and around Nagorny-Karabakh.

Letter dated 22 May (S/24029) from the representative of Armenia addressed to the President of the Security Council, conveying Armenia's position concerning the situation in Nagorny-Karabakh and the Nakhichevan-Armenia border.

Letter dated 1 June (S/24053) from the representative of Azerbaijan addressed to the President of the Security Council, drawing his attention to the statements of several Member States and a number of international organizations regarding the situation in Nagorny-Karabakh.

Identical letters dated 11 June (S/24103) from the representative of Azerbaijan addressed to the Secretary-General and to the President of the Security Council, and annex.

Letter dated 12 June (S/24094) from the representative of Azerbaijan addressed to the Secretary-General, expressing deep concern over the destruction of the ancient Azerbaijani town of Shusha by the Armenian armed forces occupying it.

Chapter 25*

FURTHER REPORT OF THE SECRETARY-GENERAL PURSUANT TO SECURITY COUNCIL RESOLUTION 749 (1992)

A. Communications received between 24 April and 12 May 1992 and reports of the Secretary-General

Further report of the Secretary-General dated 24 April 1992 (S/23844), submitted pursuant to Security Council resolution 749 (1992).

Letter dated 26 April (S/23845) from the representative of Hungary addressed to the President of the Security Council, transmitting a letter dated 25 April 1992 from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Hungary to the President of the Security Council.

Letter dated 28 April (S/23854) from the representative of Senegal addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of a message (undated) from the President of Senegal, in his capacity as Chairman of the Sixth Islamic Summit Conference, to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 29 April (S/23860) from the Secretary-General addressed to the President of the Security Council, informing him of his decision to dispatch the Under-Secretary-General for Peace-keeping Operations to examine the situation in Bosnia and Herzegovina and to look into the feasibility of a United Nations peace-keeping operation.

Letter dated 30 April (S/23861) from the President of the Security Council addressed to the Secretary-General, informing him that the members of the Council welcomed the decision conveyed by his letter dated 29 April 1992 (S/23860).

Letter dated 4 May (S/23872) from the representatives of Belgium, France and the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland addressed to the President of the Security Council, transmitting the text of a statement adopted at Lisbon and Brussels on the same date by the European Community and its member States.

Letter dated 4 May (S/23874) from the representative of Turkey addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting a letter of the same date from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Turkey to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 6 May (S/23892) from the representatives of Belgium, France and the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland addressed to the President of the Security Council, transmitting the text of a declaration adopted at Lisbon and Brussels on 5 May 1992 by the European Community and its member States.

Letter dated 7 May (S/23888) from the representative of Finland addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of a statement issued at Helsinki of 4 May 1992 by the Nordic Foreign Ministers.

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* See also chaps. 4, 9, 10, 13, 14, 20 and 22 above and chaps. 27, 28, 60 and 74 below.

Further report of the Secretary-General dated 12 May (S/23900), submitted pursuant to Security Council resolution 749 (1992).

Letter dated 12 May (S/23905) from the representative of Egypt addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of a statement issued on 6 May 1992 by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Egypt.

Letter dated 12 May (S/23906) from the representatives of Belgium, France and the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland addressed to the President of the Security Council, transmitting the text of a declaration adopted at Brussels on 11 May 1992 by the European Community and its member States.

B. Consideration at the 3075th meeting (15 May 1992)

At its 3075th meeting, held on 15 May in accordance with the understanding reached in its prior consultations, the Council included the following item in its agenda without objection:

"Further report of the Secretary-General pursuant to Security Council resolution 749 (1992) (S/23900)".

The President drew attention to the provisional text of a draft resolution (S/23927) that had been prepared in the course of the Council's prior consultations, and made an oral revision to the draft resolution in its provisional form.

The Council then proceeded to vote on draft resolution S/23927, as orally revised in its provisional form.

Decision: At the 3075th meeting, on 15 May 1992, the draft resolution (S/23927), as orally revised in its provisional form, was adopted unanimously as resolution 752 (1992).

Resolution 752 (1992) reads as follows:

"The Security Council,

"Reaffirming its resolutions 713 (1991) of 25 September 1991, 721 (1991) of 27 November 1991, 724 (1991) of 15 December 1991, 727 (1992) of 8 January 1992, 740 (1992) of 7 February 1992, 743 (1992) of 21 February 1992 and 749 (1992) of 7 April 1992,

"Expressing its appreciation for the reports of the Secretary-General of 24 April 1992 (S/23836) and 12 May 1992 (S/23900) pursuant to resolution 749 (1992),

"Deeply concerned about the serious situation in certain parts of the former Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia, and in particular about the rapid and violent deterioration of the situation in Bosnia and Herzegovina,

"Recalling its primary responsibility under the Charter of the United Nations for the maintenance of international peace and security,

"Recalling also the provisions of Chapter VIII of the Charter of the United Nations, and the continuing role that the European Community is

playing in achieving a peaceful solution in Bosnia and Herzegovina, as well as in other republics of the former Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia,

"Having considered the announcement in Belgrade on 4 May 1992 described in paragraph 24 of the report of the Secretary-General of 12 May 1992 concerning the withdrawal of Yugoslav People's Army personnel from republics other than Serbia and Montenegro and the renunciation of authority over those who remain,

"Noting the urgent need for humanitarian assistance and the various appeals made in this connection, in particular by the President of Bosnia and Herzegovina,

"Deploring the tragic incident on 4 May 1992 which caused the death of a member of the European Community Monitoring Mission,

"Deeply concerned about the safety of United Nations personnel in Bosnia and Herzegovina,

"1. Demands that all parties and others concerned in Bosnia and Herzegovina stop the fighting immediately, respect immediately and fully the cease-fire signed on 12 April 1992, and cooperate with the efforts of the European Community to bring about urgently a negotiated political solution respecting the principle that any change of borders by force is not acceptable;

"2. Welcomes the efforts undertaken by the European Community in the framework of the discussions on constitutional arrangements for Bosnia and Herzegovina under the auspices of the Conference on Yugoslavia, urges that the discussions be resumed without delay, and urges the three communities in Bosnia and Herzegovina to participate actively and constructively in these discussions on a continuous basis as recommended by the Secretary-General and to conclude and implement the constitutional arrangements being developed at the tripartite talks;

"3. Demands that all forms of interference from outside Bosnia and Herzegovina, including by units of the Yugoslav People's Army as well as elements of the Croatian Army, cease immediately, and that Bosnia and Herzegovina's neighbours take swift action to end such interference and respect the territorial integrity of Bosnia and Herzegovina;

"4. Demands that those units of the Yugoslav People's Army and elements of the Croatian Army now in Bosnia and Herzegovina must either be withdrawn, or be subject to the authority of the Government of Bosnia and Herzegovina, or be disbanded and disarmed with their weapons placed under effective international monitoring, and requests the Secretary-General to consider without delay what international assistance could be provided in this connection;

"5. Demands also that all irregular forces in Bosnia and Herzegovina be disbanded and disarmed;

"6. Calls upon all parties and others concerned to ensure that forcible expulsions of persons from the areas where they live and any attempts to change the ethnic composition of the population, anywhere in the former Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia, cease immediately;

"7. Emphasizes the urgent need for humanitarian assistance, material and financial, taking into account the large number of refugees and displaced persons, and fully supports the current efforts to deliver humanitarian aid to all the victims of the conflict and to assist in the voluntary return of displaced persons to their homes;

"8. Calls on all parties and others concerned to ensure that conditions are established for the effective and unhindered delivery of humanitarian assistance, including safe and secure access to airports in Bosnia and Herzegovina;

"9. Requests the Secretary-General to keep under active review the feasibility of protecting international humanitarian relief programmes, including the option mentioned in paragraph 29 of his report of 12 May 1992, and of ensuring safe and secure access to Sarajevo airport, and to report to the Security Council by 26 May 1992;

"10. Further requests the Secretary-General, having regard to the evolution of the situation and to the results of the efforts undertaken by the European Community, to continue to keep under review the possibility of deploying a peace-keeping mission in Bosnia and Herzegovina under the auspices of the United Nations;

"11. Demands that all parties and others concerned cooperate fully with UNPROFOR and the European Community Monitoring Mission, and respect fully their freedom of movement and the safety of their personnel;

"12. Notes the progress made thus far in the deployment of UNPROFOR, welcomes the fact that UNPROFOR has assumed the full responsibility called for by its mandate in Eastern Slavonia, and requests the Secretary-General to ensure that it will assume its full responsibilities in all the United Nations Protected Areas as soon as possible and to encourage all parties and others concerned to resolve any problems remaining in this connection;

"13. Urges all parties and others concerned to cooperate in every way with UNPROFOR in accordance with the United Nations peace-keeping plan and to comply strictly with the plan in all its aspects, in particular the disarming of all irregular forces, whatever their origin, in the United Nations Protected Areas;

"14. Decides to remain actively seized of the matter and to consider further steps to achieve a peaceful solution in conformity with relevant resolutions of the Council."

Chapter 26

LETTER DATED 27 APRIL 1992 FROM THE PERMANENT REPRESENTATIVE OF CUBA TO THE UNITED NATIONS ADDRESSED TO THE PRESIDENT OF THE SECURITY COUNCIL

A. Communications received between 24 April and 21 May 1992 and request for a meeting

Letter dated 24 April 1992 (S/23846) from the representative of Cuba addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of a statement issued on 22 April 1992 by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Cuba.

Letter dated 27 April (S/23850) from the representative of Cuba addressed to the President of the Security Council, requesting the convening of a meeting of the Council.

Letter dated 8 May (S/23890) from the representative of Cuba addressed to the President of the Security Council.

Letter dated 13 May (S/23912) from the representative of Cuba addressed to the President of the Security Council, and enclosures.

Letter dated 13 May (S/23913) from the representative of Cuba addressed to the President of the Security Council.

Letter dated 21 May (S/23989) from the representative of the United States of America addressed to the President of the Security Council, transmitting the text of a statement (undated) prepared by the United States Department of State.

B. Consideration at the 3080th meeting (21 May 1992)

At its 3080th meeting, on 21 May, the Council included the following item in its agenda without objection:

> "Letter dated 27 April 1992 from the Permanent Representative of Cuba to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/23850)".

The President, with the consent of the Council, invited the representative of Cuba, at his request, to participate in the discussion without the right to vote.

The President drew attention to the text of a draft resolution (S/23990) submitted by Cuba, which read as follows:

> "The Security Council,
>
> "Reaffirming its conviction that the suppression of acts of international terrorism, including those in which States are directly or indirectly involved, is essential for the maintenance of international peace and security,
>
> "Recalling that, in the statement issued on 31 January 1992 on the occasion of the meeting of the Security Council at the level of heads of State and Government, the members of the Council expressed their deep

concern over acts of international terrorism, and emphasized the need for the international community to deal effectively with all such acts,

"Reaffirming that, in accordance with the principle in Article 2, paragraph 4, of the Charter of the United Nations, every State has the duty to refrain from organizing, instigating, assisting or participating in terrorist acts in another State or acquiescing in organized activities within its territory directed towards the commission of such acts, when such acts involve the threat or use of force,

"Recalling that, on 6 October 1976, an act of criminal sabotage destroyed a Cubana Airlines aircraft in flight, causing the death of the 73 people on board,

"Recalling also that this incident was strongly condemned by the General Assembly of the International Civil Aviation Organization, which called upon States in a position to do so to prosecute and punish with the maximum penalty the criminals who had carried out that act so that the punishment would correspond to the magnitude of the crime and constitute a deterrent in future cases,

"Considering that the United States Department of Justice has stated that its Government has evidence in its possession relating to this act of sabotage and its perpetrators,

"Noting that Mr. Orlando Bosch, referred to by the Department of Justice as responsible for this act of sabotage, is currently residing in the territory of the United States,

"Bearing in mind that Mr. Luis Posada Carriles, who was accused in the same case and is a fugitive from justice, subsequently worked for the United States Government,

"Determined to put an end to international terrorism,

"Acting under Chapter VII of the Charter of the United Nations,

"1. Condemns the act of sabotage against the Cubana Airlines aircraft on 6 October 1976;

"2. Declares that all States in a position to do so have an obligation to contribute to the full investigation of this incident and to punish the guilty parties as an example to others;

"3. Urges the United States Government to provide all the information and evidence in its possession on this act of sabotage and on the persons who planned, directed and carried it out;

"4. Also urges the United States Government to provide all the information in its possession on the activities carried out by Luis Posada Carriles after leaving prison and on his current whereabouts;

"5. Decides that the information and evidence referred to in paragraphs 3 and 4 above shall be provided by the United States Government to the Security Council through the Secretary-General;

"6. Requests the Secretary-General to seek the cooperation of the United States Government in providing all this information and evidence and facilitating the investigation of this act of sabotage and the punishment of the guilty parties so as to contribute to the eradication of international terrorism;

"7. Urges the United States Government to adopt effective measures to prevent its territories from being used to prepare, organize or carry out terrorist acts against Cuba;

"8. Decides to keep this matter under consideration and to meet again as soon as it receives the information and evidence it has requested."

The Council began its consideration of the item and heard statements by the representatives of Cuba and the United States of America.

A further statement was made by the representative of Cuba.

The Council concluded its consideration of the item.

C. Communications received on 26 and 27 May 1992

Letter dated 26 May 1992 (S/24003) from the representative of Cuba addressed to the President of the Security Council.

Letter dated 27 May (S/24009 and Corr.1) from the representative of Cuba addressed to the President of the Security Council, transmitting the text of part two, chapter 8, of the report of the Investigation Commission of the Government of Barbados.

Chapter 27*

REPORT OF THE SECRETARY-GENERAL PURSUANT TO SECURITY COUNCIL RESOLUTION 752 (1992)

LETTER DATED 26 MAY 1992 FROM THE PERMANENT REPRESENTATIVE OF CANADA TO THE UNITED NATIONS ADDRESSED TO THE PRESIDENT OF THE SECURITY COUNCIL

LETTER DATED 27 MAY 1992 FROM THE MINISTER FOR FOREIGN AFFAIRS OF BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA ADDRESSED TO THE PRESIDENT OF THE SECURITY COUNCIL

A. Communications received between 20 and 30 May 1992, request for a meeting and reports of the Secretary-General

Letter dated 20 May 1992 (S/23975) from the representative of Egypt addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting a letter of the same date from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Egypt to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 22 May (S/23994) from the representative of Albania addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting a letter dated 15 May 1992 from the President of Albania to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 22 May (S/23996) from the representative of Bulgaria addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting a letter of the same date from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Bulgaria to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 26 May (S/23997) from the representative of Canada addressed to the President of the Security Council, requesting an urgent meeting of the Council.

Letter dated 22 May (S/23998) from the representatives of Indonesia and Yugoslavia addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of a press communiqué issued at the conclusion of the ministerial meeting of the Coordinating Bureau of the Movement of Non-Aligned Countries held in Bali from 14 to 16 May 1992.

Report of the Secretary-General dated 26 May (S/24000), submitted pursuant to paragraph 9 of Security Council resolution 752 (1992).

Letter dated 26 May (S/24007) from the representative of Yugoslavia addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting a letter dated 25 May 1992 from the Vice-President of the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 26 May (S/24011) from the representative of Canada addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of an address given on 24 May 1992 by the Prime Minister of Canada.

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* See also chaps. 4, 9, 10, 13, 14, 20, 22 and 25 above and chaps. 28, 60 and 74 below.

Letter dated 27 May (S/24024) from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Bosnia and Herzegovina addressed to the President of the Security Council, requesting urgent consultation with the members of the Council.

Letter dated 28 May (S/24027) from the representative of Yugoslavia addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting a letter of the same date from the Vice-President of the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 27 May (S/24028) from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Slovenia addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 29 May (S/24034) from the representative of New Zealand addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of a statement issued on 28 May 1992 by the Minister for External Relations and Trade of New Zealand.

Letter dated 29 May (S/24039) from the representative of Yugoslavia addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting a telegram (undated) from the Vice-President of the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 30 May (S/24042) from the representative of Australia addressed to the President of the Security Council.

Letter dated 30 May (S/24043) from the representative of Yugoslavia addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting a telegram of the same date from the Vice-President of the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia to the Secretary-General, and a proposal regarding the mandate of the conference on Yugoslavia.

Report of the Secretary-General dated 30 May (S/24049), submitted pursuant to paragraph 4 of Security Council resolution 752 (1992).

B. Consideration at the 3082nd meeting (30 May 1992)

At its 3082nd meeting, held on 30 May in accordance with the understanding reached in its prior consultations, the Council included the following item in its agenda without objection:

"Report of the Secretary-General pursuant to Security Council resolution 752 (1992) (S/24000);

"Letter dated 26 May 1992 from the Permanent Representative of Canada to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/23997);

"Letter dated 27 May 1992 from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Bosnia and Herzegovina addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/24024)".

The President drew attention to the text of a draft resolution (S/24037) submitted by Belgium, France, Hungary, Morocco, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and the United States of America.

The Council commenced its voting procedure.

Before the vote, statements were made by the representatives of Cape Verde, China, Zimbabwe, Hungary, Ecuador, Japan, India, Morocco and Venezuela.

The Council then proceeded to vote on draft resolution S/24037.

Decision: At the 3082nd meeting, on 30 May 1992, the draft resolution (S/24037) was adopted by 13 votes in favour (Austria, Belgium, Cape Verde, Ecuador, France, Hungary, India, Japan, Morocco, Russian Federation, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America and Venezuela) to none against, with 2 abstentions (China and Zimbabwe), as resolution 757 (1992).

Resolution 757 (1992) reads as follows:

"The Security Council,

"Reaffirming its resolutions 713 (1991) of 25 September 1991, 721 (1991) of 27 November 1991, 724 (1991) of 15 December 1991, 727 (1992) of 8 January 1992, 740 (1992) of 7 February 1992, 743 (1992) of 21 February 1992, 749 (1992) of 7 April 1992 and 752 (1992) of 15 May 1992,

"Noting that in the very complex context of events in the former Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia all parties bear some responsibility for the situation,

"Reaffirming its support for the Conference on Yugoslavia, including the efforts undertaken by the European Community in the framework of the discussions on constitutional arrangements for Bosnia and Herzegovina, and recalling that no territorial gains or changes brought about by violence are acceptable and that the borders of Bosnia and Herzegovina are inviolable,

"Deploring the fact that the demands in resolution 752 (1992) have not been complied with, including its demands that:

- All parties and others concerned in Bosnia and Herzegovina stop the fighting immediately,

- All forms of interference from outside Bosnia and Herzegovina cease immediately,

- Bosnia and Herzegovina's neighbours take swift action to end all interference and respect the territorial integrity of Bosnia and Herzegovina,

- Action be taken as regards units of the Yugoslav People's Army in Bosnia and Herzegovina, including the disbanding and disarming with weapons placed under effective international monitoring of any units that are neither withdrawn nor placed under the authority of the Government of Bosnia and Herzegovina,

- All irregular forces in Bosnia and Herzegovina be disbanded and disarmed,

"Deploring further that its call for the immediate cessation of forcible expulsions and attempts to change the ethnic composition of the population has not been heeded, and reaffirming in this context the need for the effective protection of human rights and fundamental freedoms, including those of ethnic minorities,

"Dismayed that conditions have not yet been established for the effective and unhindered delivery of humanitarian assistance, including safe and secure access to and from Sarajevo and other airports in Bosnia and Herzegovina,

"Deeply concerned that those United Nations Protection Force personnel remaining in Sarajevo have been subjected to deliberate mortar and small-arms fire, and that the United Nations Military Observers deployed in the Mostar region have had to be withdrawn,

"Deeply concerned also at developments in Croatia, including persistent cease-fire violations and the continued expulsion of non-Serb civilians, and at the obstruction of and lack of cooperation with UNPROFOR in other parts of Croatia,

"Deploring the tragic incident on 18 May 1992 which caused the death of a member of the ICRC team in Bosnia and Herzegovina,

"Noting that the claim by the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (Serbia and Montenegro) to continue automatically the membership of the former Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia in the United Nations has not been generally accepted,

"Expressing its appreciation for the report of the Secretary-General of 26 May 1992 (S/24000) pursuant to resolution 752 (1992),

"Recalling its primary responsibility under the Charter of the United Nations for the maintenance of international peace and security,

"Recalling also the provisions of Chapter VIII of the Charter of the United Nations, and the continuing role that the European Community is playing in working for a peaceful solution in Bosnia and Herzegovina, as well as in other republics of the former Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia,

"Recalling its decision in resolution 752 (1992) to consider further steps to achieve a peaceful solution in conformity with relevant resolutions of the Council, and affirming its determination to take measures against any party or parties which fail to fulfil the requirements of resolution 752 (1992) and its other relevant resolutions,

"Determined in this context to adopt certain measures with the sole objective of achieving a peaceful solution and encouraging the efforts undertaken by the European Community and its member States,

"Recalling the right of States, under Article 50 of the Charter, to consult the Security Council where they find themselves confronted with special economic problems arising from the carrying out of preventive or enforcement measures,

"Determining that the situation in Bosnia and Herzegovina and in other parts of the former Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia constitutes a threat to international peace and security,

"Acting under Chapter VII of the Charter of the United Nations,

"1. Condemns the failure of the authorities in the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (Serbia and Montenegro), including the Yugoslav People's Army, to take effective measures to fulfil the requirements of resolution 752 (1992);

"2. Demands that any elements of the Croatian Army still present in Bosnia and Herzegovina act in accordance with paragraph 4 of resolution 752 (1992) without further delay;

"3. Decides that all States shall adopt the measures set out below, which shall apply until the Security Council decides that the authorities in the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (Serbia and Montenegro), including the Yugoslav People's Army, have taken effective measures to fulfil the requirements of resolution 752 (1992);

"4. Decides that all States shall prevent:

"(a) The import into their territories of all commodities and products originating in the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (Serbia and Montenegro) exported therefrom after the date of the present resolution;

"(b) Any activities by their nationals or in their territories which would promote or are calculated to promote the export or transshipment of any commodities or products originating in the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (Serbia and Montenegro); and any dealings by their nationals or their flag vessels or aircraft or in their territories in any commodities or products originating in the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (Serbia and Montenegro) and exported therefrom after the date of the present resolution, including in particular any transfer of funds to the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (Serbia and Montenegro) for the purposes of such activities or dealings;

"(c) The sale or supply by their nationals or from their territories or using their flag vessels or aircraft of any commodities or products, whether or not originating in their territories, but not including supplies intended strictly for medical purposes and foodstuffs notified to the Committee established pursuant to resolution 724 (1991), to any person or body in the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (Serbia and Montenegro) or to any person or body for the purposes of any business carried on in or operated from the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (Serbia and Montenegro), and any activities by their nationals or in their territories which promote or are calculated to promote such sale or supply of such commodities or products;

"5. Decides that all States shall not make available to the authorities in the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (Serbia and Montenegro) or to any commercial, industrial or public utility undertaking in the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (Serbia and Montenegro), any funds or any other financial or economic resources and shall prevent their nationals and any persons within their territories from removing from their territories or otherwise making available to those authorities or to any such undertaking any such funds or resources and from remitting any other funds to persons or bodies within the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (Serbia and Montenegro), except payments exclusively for strictly medical or humanitarian purposes and foodstuffs;

"6. Decides that the prohibitions in paragraphs 4 and 5 above shall not apply to the transshipment through the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (Serbia and Montenegro) of commodities and products originating outside the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (Serbia and Montenegro) and temporarily present in the territory of the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (Serbia and Montenegro) only for the purpose of such transshipment, in accordance with guidelines approved by the Committee established by resolution 724 (1991);

"7. Decides that all States shall:

"(a) Deny permission to any aircraft to take off from, land in or overfly their territory if it is destined to land in or has taken off from the territory of the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (Serbia and Montenegro), unless the particular flight has been approved, for humanitarian or other purposes consistent with the relevant resolutions of the Council, by the Committee established by resolution 724 (1991);

"(b) Prohibit, by their nationals or from their territory, the provision of engineering and maintenance servicing of aircraft registered in the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (Serbia and Montenegro) or operated by or on behalf of entities in the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (Serbia and Montenegro) or components for such aircraft, the certification of airworthiness for such aircraft, and the payment of new claims against existing insurance contracts and the provision of new direct insurance for such aircraft;

"8. Decides that all States shall:

"(a) Reduce the level of the staff at diplomatic missions and consular posts of the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (Serbia and Montenegro);

"(b) Take the necessary steps to prevent the participation in sporting events on their territory of persons or groups representing the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (Serbia and Montenegro);

"(c) Suspend scientific and technical cooperation and cultural exchanges and visits involving persons or groups officially sponsored by or representing the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (Serbia and Montenegro);

"9. Decides that all States, and the authorities in the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (Serbia and Montenegro), shall take the necessary measures to ensure that no claim shall lie at the instance of the authorities in the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (Serbia and Montenegro), or of any person or body in the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (Serbia and Montenegro), or of any person claiming through or for the benefit of any such person or body, in connection with any contract or other transaction where its performance was affected by reason of the measures imposed by this resolution and related resolutions;

"10. Decides that the measures imposed by this resolution shall not apply to activities related to UNPROFOR, to the Conference on Yugoslavia or to the European Community Monitoring Mission, and that States, parties and others concerned shall cooperate fully with UNPROFOR, the Conference on Yugoslavia and the Mission and respect fully their freedom of movement and the safety of their personnel;

"11. Calls upon all States, including States not members of the United Nations, and all international organizations, to act strictly in accordance with the provisions of the present resolution, notwithstanding the existence of any rights or obligations conferred or imposed by any international agreement or any contract entered into or any licence or permit granted prior to the date of the present resolution;

"12. Requests all States to report to the Secretary-General by 22 June 1992 on the measures they have instituted for meeting the obligations set out in paragraphs 4 to 9 above;

"13. Decides that the Committee established by resolution 724 (1991) shall undertake the following tasks additional to those in respect of the arms embargo established by resolutions 713 (1991) and 727 (1992):

"(a) To examine the reports submitted pursuant to paragraph 12 above;

"(b) To seek from all States further information regarding the action taken by them concerning the effective implementation of the measures imposed by paragraphs 4 to 9 above;

"(c) To consider any information brought to its attention by States concerning violations of the measures imposed by paragraphs 4 to 9 above and, in that context, to make recommendations to the Council on ways to increase their effectiveness;

"(d) To recommend appropriate measures in response to violations of the measures imposed by paragraphs 4 to 9 above and provide information on a regular basis to the Secretary-General for general distribution to Member States;

"(e) To consider and approve the guidelines referred to in paragraph 6 above;

"(f) To consider and decide upon expeditiously any applications for the approval of flights for humanitarian or other purposes consistent with the relevant resolutions of the Council in accordance with paragraph 7 above;

"14. Calls upon all States to cooperate fully with the Committee established by resolution 724 (1991) in the fulfilment of its tasks, including supplying such information as may be sought by the Committee in pursuance of the present resolution;

"15. Requests the Secretary-General to report to the Security Council, not later than 15 June 1992 and earlier if he considers it appropriate, on the implementation of resolution 752 (1992) by all parties and others concerned;

"16. Decides to keep under continuous review the measures imposed by paragraphs 4 to 9 above with a view to considering whether such measures might be suspended or terminated following compliance with the requirements of resolution 752 (1992);

"17. Demands that all parties and others concerned create immediately the necessary conditions for unimpeded delivery of humanitarian supplies to Sarajevo and other destinations in Bosnia and Herzegovina, including the

establishment of a security zone encompassing Sarajevo and its airport and respecting the agreements signed at Geneva on 22 May 1992;

"18. Requests the Secretary-General to continue to use his good offices in order to achieve the objectives contained in paragraph 17 above, and invites him to keep under continuous review any further measures that may become necessary to ensure unimpeded delivery of humanitarian supplies;

"19. Urges all States to respond to the Revised Joint Appeal for humanitarian assistance of early May 1992 issued by the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees, the United Nations Children's Fund and the World Health Organization;

"20. Reiterates the call in paragraph 2 of resolution 752 (1992) that all parties continue their efforts in the framework of the Conference on Yugoslavia and that the three communities in Bosnia and Herzegovina resume their discussions on constitutional arrangements for Bosnia and Herzegovina;

"21. Decides to remain actively seized of the matter and to consider immediately, whenever necessary, further steps to achieve a peaceful solution in conformity with relevant resolutions of the Council."

After the vote, statements were made by the representatives of Belgium, the United States, the Russian Federation, France and the United Kingdom, and by the President, in his capacity as the representative of Austria.

Chapter 28*

REPORT OF THE SECRETARY-GENERAL PURSUANT TO SECURITY COUNCIL RESOLUTION 757 (1992)

A. Communications received between 3 and 8 June 1992 and report of the Secretary-General

Letter dated 3 June 1992 (S/24055) from the representatives of Belgium, France and the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland addressed to the President of the Security Council, transmitting the text of a statement adopted at Brussels and Lisbon on 1 June 1992 by the European Community and its member States.

Letter dated 5 June (S/24073) from the representative of Yugoslavia addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the position of the Government of the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia in reply to the letter dated 27 May 1992 (S/24028) from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Slovenia to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 5 June (S/24074) from the representative of Yugoslavia addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting a telegram of the same date from the Vice-President of the Presidency of Yugoslavia to the Secretary-General.

Report of the Secretary-General dated 6 June (S/24075 and Add.1), submitted pursuant to Security Council resolution 757 (1992).

Identical letters dated 6 June (S/24081) from the President of the Presidency of Bosnia and Herzegovina addressed to the Secretary-General and the President of the Security Council.

Letter dated 8 June (S/24076) from the representative of Bosnia and Herzegovina addressed to the President of the Security Council.

Letter dated 8 June (S/24077) from the representative of Croatia addressed to the President of the Security Council.

Note verbale dated 8 June (S/24088) from the representative of Qatar addressed to the Secretary-General.

B. Consideration at the 3083rd meeting (8 June 1992)

At its 3083rd meeting, held on 8 June in accordance with the understanding reached in its prior consultations, the Council included the following item in its agenda without objection:

"Report of the Secretary-General pursuant to Security Council resolution 757 (1992) (S/24075 and Add.1)".

The President drew attention to the text of a draft resolution (S/24078) that had been prepared in the course of the Council's prior consultations.

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* See also chaps 4, 9, 10, 13, 14, 20, 22, 25 and 27 above and chaps. 60 and 74 below.

The Council proceeded to vote on draft resolution S/24078.

Decision: At the 3083rd meeting, on 8 June 1992, the draft resolution (S/24078) was adopted unanimously as resolution 758 (1992).

Resolution 758 (1992) reads as follows:

"The Security Council,

"Reaffirming its resolutions 713 (1991) of 25 September 1991, 721 (1991) of 27 November 1991, 724 (1991) of 15 December 1991, 727 (1992) of 8 January 1992, 740 (1992) of 7 February 1992, 743 (1992) of 21 February 1992, 749 (1992) of 7 April 1992, 752 (1992) of 15 May 1992 and 757 (1992) of 30 May 1992,

"Noting that the Secretary-General has secured the evacuation of the Marshal Tito barracks in Sarajevo,

"Noting also the agreement of all the parties in Bosnia and Herzegovina to the reopening of Sarajevo airport for humanitarian purposes, under the exclusive authority of the United Nations, and with the assistance of the United Nations Protection Force,

"Noting further that the reopening of Sarajevo airport for humanitarian purposes would constitute a first step in establishing a security zone encompassing Sarajevo and its airport,

"Deploring the continuation of the fighting in Bosnia and Herzegovina which is rendering impossible the distribution of humanitarian assistance in Sarajevo and its environs,

"Stressing the imperative need to find an urgent negotiated political solution for the situation in Bosnia and Herzegovina,

"1. Approves the report of the Secretary-General of 6 June 1992 (S/24075 and Add.1) submitted in accordance with paragraphs 17 and 18 of resolution 757 (1992);

"2. Decides to enlarge the mandate and strength of UNPROFOR, established under resolution 743 (1992), in accordance with the Secretary-General's report;

"3. Authorizes the Secretary-General to deploy, when he judges it appropriate, the military observers and related personnel and equipment required for the activities referred to in paragraph 5 of his report;

"4. Requests the Secretary-General to seek Security Council authorization for the deployment of the additional elements of UNPROFOR, after he has reported to the Council that all the conditions necessary for them to carry out the mandate approved by the Security Council, including an effective and durable cease-fire, have been fulfilled;

"5. Strongly condemns all those parties and others concerned that are responsible for violations of the cease-fire reaffirmed in paragraph 1 of the agreement of 5 June 1992 annexed to the Secretary-General's report;

"6. Calls upon all parties and others concerned to comply fully with the above-mentioned agreement and in particular to respect strictly the cease-fire reaffirmed in paragraph 1 thereof;

"7. Demands that all parties and others concerned cooperate fully with UNPROFOR and international humanitarian agencies and take all necessary steps to ensure the safety of their personnel;

"8. Demands that all parties and others concerned create immediately the necessary conditions for unimpeded delivery of humanitarian supplies to Sarajevo and other destinations in Bosnia and Herzegovina, including the establishment of a security zone encompassing Sarajevo and its airport and respecting the agreements signed at Geneva on 22 May 1992;

"9. Requests the Secretary-General to continue to use his good offices in order to achieve the objectives contained in paragraph 8 above, and invites him to keep under continuous review any further measures that may become necessary to ensure unimpeded delivery of humanitarian supplies;

"10. Requests the Secretary-General to report to the Security Council on his efforts no later than seven days after the adoption of this resolution;

"11. Decides to remain actively seized of the matter."

C. Communications received between 9 and 15 June 1992 and report of the Secretary-General

Letter dated 9 June 1992 (S/24086) from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Croatia addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of a statement issued on 8 June 1992 by the Government of Croatia.

Note verbale dated 9 June (S/24089) from the representative of Djibouti addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 11 June (S/24093) from the representative of Czechoslovakia addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of the document adopted by the Committee of Senior Officials of the Conference on Security and Cooperation in Europe at its 12th meeting, from 8 to 10 June 1992.

Letter dated 11 June (S/24095) from the representative of Paraguay addressed to the Secretary-General.

Note verbale dated 12 June (S/24101) from the representative of Uruguay addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 15 June (S/24096) from the President of Bosnia and Herzegovina addressed to the President of the Security Council.

Letter dated 15 June (S/24099) from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Bosnia and Herzegovina addressed to the President of the Security Council.

Report of the Secretary-General dated 15 June (S/24100 and Corr.1), submitted pursuant to paragraph 15 of Security Council resolution 757 (1992) and paragraph 10 of Council resolution 758 (1992).

Letter dated 15 June (S/24102) from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Croatia addressed to the President of the Security Council, transmitting a joint statement made at Zagreb and Sarajevo on 15 June 1992 by the President of Croatia and the President of Bosnia and Herzegovina.

Letter dated 15 June (S/24106) from the representative of Peru addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 15 June (S/24119) from the representative of Poland addressed to the Secretary-General.

Notes

1/ By a letter dated 24 December 1991, the Secretary-General requested the President of the Security Council to bring to the attention of the members of the Council the text of a letter of the same date from the Permanent Representative of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, transmitting to the Secretary-General a letter, also of the same date, from Mr. Boris Yeltsin, President of the Russian Federation, in which he informed the Secretary-General that the membership of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics in the United Nations, including the Security Council and all other organs and organizations of the United Nations system, was being continued by the Russian Federation with the support of the countries of the Commonwealth of Independent States. He requested that the name "Russian Federation" shcould be used in the United Nations in place of the name "Union of Soviet Socialist Republics" and stated that the Russian Federation maintained full responsibility for all the rights and obligations of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics under the Charter of the United Nations, including the financial obligations. He also requested the Secretary-General to consider that letter as confirmation of the credentials to represent the Russian Federation in the United Nations organs for all the persons currently holding the credentials of representatives of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics.

2/ Reply to the note dated 3 July 1991 from the Secretary-General, by which, pursuant to paragraph 4 of Security Council resolution 700 (1991), he transmitted the text of that resolution to all States other than Iraq, drawing their particular attention, inter alia, to paragraph 4 of the resolution and requesting them to submit information on the measures instituted by their Governments for meeting the obligations set out in paragraph 24 of resolution 687 (1991).

3/ Reply to the note dated 16 December 1991 and subsequent reminder notes from the Secretary-General addressed to all States, in which he drew particular attention to paragraphs 5 and 7 of Security Council resolution 724 (1991) and requested Governments to submit to him information on the measures instituted by them to meet the obligations set out in paragraph 6 of Security Council resolution 713 (1991).

PART II

OTHER MATTERS CONSIDERED BY THE SECURITY COUNCIL

Chapter 29

ADMISSION OF NEW MEMBERS

A. Applications of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the Republic of Korea

In a letter dated 19 June 1991 (S/22725) addressed to the President of the Security Council, the Government of Samoa recommended that the Republic of Korea become a Member of the United Nations.

In a letter dated 2 July 1991 (S/22777) addressed to the Secretary-General, the Vice-Premier of the Administration Council and Minister for Foreign Affairs of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea submitted the application of his country for membership in the United Nations, and at the same time solemnly declared that his country accepted the obligations contained in the Charter and undertook to fulfil them and requested that the application be placed before the Security Council.

In a letter dated 19 July 1991 (S/22778) addressed to the Secretary-General, the Minister for Foreign Affairs of the Republic of Korea submitted the application of his country for membership in the United Nations, and at the same time solemnly declared that his country accepted the obligations contained in the Charter and undertook to fulfil them and requested that the application be placed before the Security Council.

In a letter dated 11 July 1991 (S/22824) addressed to the Secretary-General, Venezuela supported the decision by the Governments of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the Republic of Korea to seek prompt admission as full Members of the United Nations.

At its 2998th meeting, on 6 August 1991, the Council referred the applications of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the Republic of Korea to the Committee on the Admission of New Members for examination and report, in accordance with rule 59 of the provisional rules of procedure of the Council.

At its 3001st meeting, on 8 August, the Council considered the Committee's report dated 7 August (S/22895), in which the Committee recommended the adoption of the following draft resolution:

"The Security Council,

"Having examined separately the applications of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea (S/22777) and of the Republic of Korea (S/22778) for admission to the United Nations,

"1. Recommends to the General Assembly that the Democratic People's Republic of Korea be admitted to membership in the United Nations;

"2. Recommends to the General Assembly that the Republic of Korea be admitted to membership in the United Nations."

Decision: At the 3001st meeting, on 8 August 1991, the draft resolution was adopted without a vote as resolution 702 (1991).

The President announced his intention to convey the decision of the Council to the Secretary-General for transmittal to the General Assembly at its forty-sixth regular session in accordance with rule 60 of the provisional rules of procedure of the Council.

The President then made the following statement (S/22911) on behalf of the members of the Council:

"By adopting resolution 702 (1991), the Security Council has taken another step towards the completion of a political process in exercise of one of the most important functions entrusted to it under the Charter of the United Nations, namely, to make recommendations to the General Assembly regarding the admission of new members to the Organization.

"The applications of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the Republic of Korea have been considered and unanimously approved by the Security Council. The aspirations of the peoples and Governments of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the Republic of Korea have harmoniously coincided. That is why the Security Council decided to consider and take a simultaneous decision on the admission of both parts of the Korean Peninsula to membership in the world Organization.

"This is a historic occasion for the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, the Republic of Korea, the Asian continent and the world community of nations.

"There can be no doubt that the Security Council's recommendation to the General Assembly advances and underscores the Organization's goal of universality. I am certain that, as new members of our Organization, the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the Republic of Korea will contribute positively to efforts to enhance the effectiveness of the work of the United Nations and strengthen respect for its purposes and principles.

"The admission of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the Republic of Korea will also reduce tensions in the region, create a favourable atmosphere for and facilitate the promotion of confidence-building measures in their bilateral relations and provide them with an appropriate forum in which to consider the many things they have in common and to overcome the few remaining obstacles to their unification.

"We have recently seen how countries that were once adversaries have found the necessary strength to put aside their differences in favour of their shared interest in promoting the well-being of their peoples and of the world in general. We are living in an age in which mankind seems to be regaining its senses. We can begin the next millennium in a more optimistic spirit. In the positive atmosphere resulting from the end of the cold war, we note with great satisfaction a new manifestation of constructive understanding: the recommendation, adopted by the Security Council, that the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the Republic of Korea become members of the world Organization.

"I wish to conclude by saying that, in my capacity as President of the Council and on behalf of all its members, I am on this historic occasion deeply honoured to address these words of congratulation to the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and to the Republic of Korea."

In a letter dated 19 September 1991 addressed to the President of the Council, the representative of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea forwarded a statement of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of his country dated 18 September 1991.

B. Application of the Federated States of Micronesia

In a letter dated 17 July 1991 (S/22864 and Corr.1) addressed to the Secretary-General, the President of the Federated States of Micronesia submitted the application of his country for membership in the United Nations, and at the same time declared that his country accepted the obligations contained in the Charter and solemnly undertook to fulfil them and requested that the application be placed before the Security Council and the General Assembly.

At its 2999th meeting, on 6 August 1991, the Council referred the application of the Federated States of Micronesia to the Committee on the Admission of New Members for examination and report, in accordance with rule 59 of the provisional rules of procedure of the Council.

At its 3002nd meeting, on 9 August, the Council considered the Committee's report dated 7 August (S/22896), in which the Committee recommended the adoption of the following draft resolution:

"The Security Council,

"Having examined the application of the Federated States of Micronesia for admission to the United Nations (S/22864 and Corr.1),

"Recommends to the General Assembly that the Federated States of Micronesia be admitted to membership in the United Nations."

Decision: At the 3002nd meeting, on 9 August 1991, the draft resolution was adopted without a vote as resolution 703 (1991).

The President announced his intention to convey the decision of the Council to the Secretary-General for transmittal to the General Assembly at its forty-sixth regular session in accordance with rule 60 of the provisional rules of procedure of the Council.

The President then made the following statement (S/22917) on behalf of the members of the Council:

"In my capacity as President of the Security Council and on behalf of the members of the Council, I should like to underscore the historic importance of the resolution which we have just adopted recommending the admission of the Federated States of Micronesia to membership in the United Nations. This resolution is without a doubt the logical follow-up to resolution 683 (1990), adopted by the Security Council on 22 December 1990, by which it terminated the trusteeship arrangement for the territories of Micronesia.

"For the Security Council as well as for the Trusteeship Council, and for the United Nations as a whole, this resolution marks the culmination of an effort sustained over decades to enable the peoples of these territories to take charge of their destiny and assume the place to which they are entitled in the community of nations.

"The universality of our Organization is steadily becoming a reality and gaining in significance as more and more of the States which make up the world community are admitted to membership.

"The founders of our Organization had precisely that objective in mind, namely the formation of a single, universal entity in which all States would share responsibility for the preservation of international peace and security without distinction as to level of economic development, size of population, military might or any other factor.

"The Federated States of Micronesia will make an outstanding contribution to the United Nations by bringing to it an innovative approach and a fresh perspective on world affairs, in order to promote changes in established practices, many of which, as all the Members of the Organization are aware, are in need of renewal.

"On behalf of the members of the Security Council, I congratulate the Federated States of Micronesia on the decision which the Council has adopted recommending to the General Assembly its admission to membership in the United Nations."

C. Application of the Republic of the Marshall Islands

In a letter dated 25 July 1991 (S/22865 and Corr.1) addressed to the Secretary-General, the President of the Republic of the Marshall Islands submitted the application of his country for membership in the United Nations, and at the same time declared that his country accepted the obligations contained in the Charter and solemnly undertook to fulfil them and requested that the application be placed before the Security Council.

At its 3000th meeting, on 6 August 1991, the Council referred the application of the Republic of the Marshall Islands to the Committee on the Admission of New Members for examination and report, in accordance with rule 59 of the provisional rules of procedure of the Council.

At its 3003rd meeting, on 9 August, the Council considered the Committee's report dated 7 August (S/22897), in which the Committee recommended the adoption of the following draft resolution:

"The Security Council,

"Having examined the application of the Republic of the Marshall Islands for admission to the United Nations (S/22865 and Corr.1),

"Recommends to the General Assembly that the Republic of the Marshall Islands be admitted to membership in the United Nations."

Decision: At the 3003rd meeting, on 9 August 1991, the draft resolution was adopted without a vote as resolution 704 (1991).

The President announced his intention to convey the decision of the Council to the Secretary-General for transmittal to the General Assembly at its forty-sixth regular session in accordance with rule 60 of the provisional rules of procedure of the Council.

The President then made the following statement (S/22918) on behalf of the members of the Council:

"The resolution which we have just adopted recommending the admission of the Republic of the Marshall Islands to membership in the United Nations is a historic event. It marks the final steps in the process leading to the full integration of the Republic of the Marshall Islands into the international community, a process that was given an impetus when the Security Council adopted resolution 683 (1990), by which the Council declared that the trusteeship arrangement for the Marshall Islands had come to an end.

"The resolution which the Security Council has adopted reconfirms the full validity of the basic ideal of the universality of the United Nations, which calls upon all States - large and small - to help foster peaceful and orderly international coexistence.

"We can see today that as the United Nations gains in universality the specific responsibilities of States are strengthened, as are their rights to participate in the decision-making process in areas of concern to the international community as a whole involving the maintenance of international peace and security and, above all, the promotion of cooperation among peoples.

"The admission of the Republic of the Marshall Islands to membership will serve to reaffirm the validity of the principles of the Charter of the United Nations and to facilitate the achievement of its purposes.

"On behalf of the members of the Security Council, I congratulate the Republic of the Marshall Islands on the Council's decision to recommend to the General Assembly that it be admitted as a member of the United Nations."

D. Applications of the Republic of Estonia, the Republic of Latvia and the Republic of Lithuania

In a letter dated 3 September 1991 (S/22999) addressed to the Secretary-General, the representatives of France and the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland transmitted the texts of applications for membership in the United Nations from Estonia, Latvia and Lithuania.

In a letter dated 30 August 1991 (S/23002) addressed to the Secretary-General, the Chairman of the Supreme Council of the Republic of Estonia submitted the application of his country for membership in the United Nations, and at the same time declared that his country accepted the obligations contained in the Charter and solemnly undertook to fulfil them.

In a letter dated 30 August 1991 (S/23003) addressed to the Secretary-General, the Vice-Chairman of the Supreme Council of the Republic of Latvia submitted the application of his country for membership in the United Nations, and at the same time declared that his country would assume the obligations of the Charter and requested that the application be given precedence.

In a letter dated 29 August 1991 (S/23004) addressed to the Secretary-General, the President of the Supreme Council of the Republic of Lithuania submitted the application of his country for membership in the United Nations, and at the same time declared that his country would assume the obligations of the Charter and requested that the application be given precedence.

At its 3006th meeting, on 10 September 1991, the Council referred the applications of the Republic of Estonia, the Republic of Latvia and the Republic of Lithuania to the Committee on the Admission of New Members for examination and report, in accordance with rule 59 of the provisional rules of procedure of the Council.

At its 3007th meeting, on 12 September, the Council considered the Committee's report dated 11 September (S/23021), in which the Committee recommended the adoption of the following draft resolutions:

"A

"The Security Council,

"Having examined the application of the Republic of Estonia for admission to the United Nations (S/23002),

"Recommends to the General Assembly that the Republic of Estonia be admitted to membership in the United Nations."

"B

"The Security Council,

"Having examined the application of the Republic of Latvia for admission to the United Nations (S/23003),

"Recommends to the General Assembly that the Republic of Latvia be admitted to membership in the United Nations."

"C

"The Security Council,

"Having examined the application of the Republic of Lithuania for admission to the United Nations (S/23004),

"Recommends to the General Assembly that the Republic of Lithuania be admitted to membership in the United Nations."

Decision: At the 3007th meeting, on 12 September 1991, draft resolutions A, B and C were adopted without a vote as resolutions 709 (1991), 710 (1991) and 711 (1991), respectively.

When adopting the resolutions, the Council decided, in accordance with the recommendation contained in the report of the Committee, to have recourse to the provisions of the last paragraph of rule 60 of its provisional rules of procedure in order to submit its recommendation to the General Assembly at its forty-sixth regular session.

The President announced his intention to convey the decision of the Council to the Secretary-General for transmittal to the General Assembly at its forty-sixth session in accordance with rule 60 of the provisional rules of procedure of the Council.

The President then made the following statement (S/23032) on behalf of the members of the Council:

> "I indeed appreciate the honour bestowed on me, as President of the Security Council, to say on behalf of all its members how pleased the Council is to recommend to the General Assembly that it admit the Republic of Estonia, the Republic of Latvia and the Republic of Lithuania to membership in the United Nations.
>
> "It is a pleasure, but it is also a serious matter, for this is a solemn decision of great symbolic and historic importance that the Security Council is taking. The wheels of history have been turning. The winds of freedom have been blowing down old structures. We are entering a world where perhaps there is less order, but where there is ever more hope.
>
> "The independence of the Republic of Estonia, the Republic of Latvia and the Republic of Lithuania was regained peacefully, by means of dialogue, with the consent of the parties concerned, and in accordance with the wishes and aspirations of the three peoples. We can only welcome this development, which obviously represents progress in respecting the principles of the Charter of the United Nations and in attaining its objectives.
>
> "To the representatives of Estonia, Latvia and Lithuania, I should like to say 'Welcome'. The Security Council unanimously took the view that your States meet the conditions laid down in rule 60 of the provisional rules of procedure for the admission of members, namely, that they should be 'peace-loving' and 'able and willing to carry out the obligations contained in the Charter'.
>
> "I am confident that as new members of the United Nations, Estonia, Latvia and Lithuania will make a constructive contribution to the efforts to promote and uphold the purposes and principles of the Charter.
>
> "It is now for the General Assembly to ratify the judgement of the Security Council and to enable you rightfully to regain your place within the community of nations. Thus this forty-sixth session will see the United Nations, with 166 Members, progress towards the universality that is one of its fundamental principles."

In a letter dated 18 September 1991 (S/23063) addressed to the Secretary-General, the representative of Indonesia transmitted a press release issued on 16 September 1991 by the Department of Foreign Affairs of his country, containing the recognition by the Government of Indonesia of the independence of the Republic of Estonia, the Republic of Latvia and the Republic of Lithuania and expressing support for their admission to membership in the United Nations.

E. Application of the Republic of Kazakstan

In a letter dated 31 December 1991 (S/23353) addressed to the Secretary-General, the President of the Republic of Kazakstan submitted the application of his country for membership in the United Nations, and at the same time declared

that his country accepted the obligations contained in the Charter and solemnly pledged to fulfil them and requested that the application be placed before the Security Council.

At its 3032nd meeting, on 16 January 1992, the Council referred the application of the Republic of Kazakstan to the Committee on the Admission of New Members for examination and report, in accordance with rule 59 of the provisional rules of procedure of the Council.

At its 3034th meeting, on 23 January, the Council considered the Committee's report dated 21 January (S/23456), in which the Committee recommended the adoption of the following draft resolution:

"The Security Council,

"Having examined the application of the Republic of Kazakstan for admission to the United Nations (S/23353),

"Recommends to the General Assembly that the Republic of Kazakstan be admitted to membership in the United Nations."

Decision: At the 3034th meeting, on 23 January 1992, the draft resolution was adopted without a vote as resolution 732 (1992).

When adopting the resolution, the Council, in accordance with the recommendation contained in the report of the Committee, decided to have recourse to the provisions of the last paragraph of rule 60 of its provisional rules of procedure in order to submit its recommendation to the General Assembly at its resumed forty-sixth session.

The President announced his intention to convey the decision of the Council to the Secretary-General for transmittal to the General Assembly in accordance with rule 60 of the provisional rules of procedure of the Council.

The President then made the following statement (S/23470) on behalf of the members of the Council:

"It is a great honour for me to express, on behalf of the members of the Council, our congratulations to the Republic of Kazakstan on the decision which the Council has just taken to recommend to the General Assembly the admission of Kazakstan to membership in the United Nations.

"This is indeed an historic occasion. The admission of Kazakstan to the United Nations, and its fulfilment of all relevant obligations, will help to consolidate the positive developments that the world has witnessed in the last few months. The significance of Kazakstan's admission to this Organization is clear to all. I have no doubt that it will have an important contribution to make in every area of United Nations work.

"The members of the Council are confident that Kazakstan, as a peace-loving State that is able and willing to carry out the obligations contained in the Charter of the United Nations, will contribute actively and constructively in upholding the purposes and principles of the Charter.

"We look forward to welcoming Kazakstan among us at the United Nations."

F. Application of the Republic of Armenia

In a letter dated 31 December 1991 (S/23405) addressed to the Secretary-General, the President of the Republic of Armenia submitted the application of his country for membership in the United Nations, and at the same time declared that his country accepted the obligations contained in the Charter and solemnly pledged to fulfil them and requested that the application be placed before the Security Council.

At its 3035th meeting, on 23 January 1992, the Council referred the application of the Republic of Armenia to the Committee on the Admission of New Members for examination and report, in accordance with rule 59 of the provisional rules of procedure of the Council.

At its 3041st meeting, on 29 January, the Council considered the Committee's report dated 24 January (S/23475), in which the Committee recommended the adoption of the following draft resolution:

"The Security Council,

"Having examined the application of the Republic of Armenia for admission to the United Nations (S/23405),

"Recommends to the General Assembly that the Republic of Armenia be admitted to membership in the United Nations."

Decision: At the 3041st meeting, on 29 January 1992, the draft resolution was adopted without a vote as resolution 735 (1992).

When adopting the resolution, the Council, in accordance with the recommendation contained in the report of the Committee, decided to have recourse to the provisions of the last paragraph of rule 60 of its provisional rules of procedure in order to submit its recommendation to the General Assembly at its resumed forty-sixth session.

The President announced his intention to convey the decision of the Council to the Secretary-General for transmittal to the General Assembly in accordance with rule 60 of the provisional rules of procedure of the Council.

The President then made the following statement (S/23496) on behalf of the members of the Council:

"It is a privilege for me, on behalf of the members of the Security Council, to congratulate the Republic of Armenia on the decision which the Council has just taken. By resolution 735 (1992) the Council has recommended to the Assembly the admission of the Republic of Armenia to membership in the United Nations.

"This is a significant moment for our Organization, and for the Republic of Armenia. Armenia's solemn commitment to uphold the purposes and principles of the Charter of the United Nations, which include the principles relating to the peaceful settlement of disputes and the non-use of force, is noted with great satisfaction by the members of the Council.

"The members of the Council are confident that Armenia will contribute fully and effectively in all areas of the Organization's activities. We

look forward to welcoming its representatives and to working closely with them."

G. Application of the Republic of Kyrgyzstan

In a letter dated 6 January 1992 (S/23450) addressed to the Secretary-General, the President of the Republic of Kyrgyzstan submitted the application of his country for membership in the United Nations, and at the same time declared the readiness of his country to comply with the obligations contained in the Charter and requested that the application be considered in accordance with Article 4 of the Charter.

At its 3036th meeting, on 23 January 1992, the Council referred the application of the Republic of Kyrgyzstan to the Committee on the Admission of New Members for examination and report, in accordance with rule 59 of the provisional rules of procedure of the Council.

At its 3042nd meeting, on 29 January, the Council considered the Committee's report dated 24 January (S/23476), in which the Committee recommended the adoption of the following draft resolution:

"The Security Council,

"Having examined the application of the Republic of Kyrgyzstan for admission to the United Nations (S/23450),

"Recommends to the General Assembly that the Republic of Kyrgyzstan be admitted to membership in the United Nations."

Decision: At the 3042nd meeting, on 29 January 1992, the draft resolution was adopted without a vote as resolution 736 (1992).

When adopting the resolution, the Council, in accordance with the recommendation contained in the report of the Committee, decided to have recourse to the provisions of the last paragraph of rule 60 of its provisional rules of procedure in order to submit its recommendation to the General Assembly at its resumed forty-sixth session.

The President announced his intention to convey the decision of the Council to the Secretary-General for transmittal to the General Assembly in accordance with rule 60 of the provisional rules of procedure of the Council.

The President then made the following statement (S/23497) on behalf of the members of the Council:

"The Security Council has just recommended that the Republic of Kyrgyzstan be admitted to membership in our Organization. It is with great pleasure that, on behalf of the members of the Council, I congratulate the Republic of Kyrgyzstan on this happy and historic occasion. We look forward to this further strengthening of the principle of universality.

"Kyrgyzstan has much to contribute to the work of the United Nations. Its commitment to uphold the purposes and principles of the Charter of the United Nations is noted with great satisfaction.

"All the members of the Council look forward to the day, in the near future, when Kyrgyzstan will join us as a member of our Organization. We

look forward to meeting the representatives of Kyrgyzstan here at United Nations Headquarters, and to working closely with them."

H. Application of the Republic of Uzbekistan

In a letter dated 6 January 1992 (S/23451) addressed to the Secretary-General, the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan submitted the application of his country for membership in the United Nations, and at the same time declared that his country accepted the obligations contained in the Charter and solemnly undertook to fulfil them and requested that the application be conveyed to the Security Council.

At its 3037th meeting, on 23 January 1992, the Council referred the application of the Republic of Uzbekistan to the Committee on the Admission of New Members for examination and report, in accordance with rule 59 of the provisional rules of procedure of the Council.

At its 3043rd meeting, on 29 January, the Council considered the Committee's report dated 24 January (S/23477), in which the Committee recommended the adoption of the following draft resolution:

"The Security Council,

"Having examined the application of the Republic of Uzbekistan for admission to the United Nations (S/23451),

"Recommends to the General Assembly that the Republic of Uzbekistan be admitted to membership in the United Nations."

Decision: At the 3043rd meeting, on 29 January 1992, the draft resolution was adopted without a vote as resolution 737 (1992).

When adopting the resolution, the Council, in accordance with the recommendation contained in the report of the Committee, decided to have recourse to the provisions of the last paragraph of rule 60 of its provisional rules of procedure in order to submit its recommendation to the General Assembly at its resumed forty-sixth session.

The President announced his intention to convey the decision of the Council to the Secretary-General for transmittal to the General Assembly in accordance with rule 60 of the provisional rules of procedure of the Council.

The President then made the following statement (S/23498) on behalf of the members of the Council:

"The Council has just adopted resolution 737 (1992) recommending the admission of the Republic of Uzbekistan to the United Nations. This recommendation will shortly be before the General Assembly, for the final stage of the process of admission. On behalf of the members of the Council, it is my privilege to congratulate the Republic of Uzbekistan on this happy and historic event.

"Uzbekistan has solemnly undertaken to fulfil all the obligations of the Charter of the United Nations, and this is most welcome. The members of the Council are confident that Uzbekistan will have much to contribute to the many tasks of this Organization. We look forward to welcoming the

representatives of Uzbekistan as colleagues and working with them in all the various forums of the United Nations."

I. Application of the Republic of Tajikistan

In a letter dated 16 January 1992 (S/23455) addressed to the Secretary-General, the President of the Republic of Tajikistan submitted the application of his country for membership in the United Nations, and at the same time declared that his country accepted the obligations contained in the Charter and solemnly undertook to fulfil them and requested that the application be conveyed to the Security Council.

At its 3038th meeting, on 23 January 1992, the Council referred the application of the Republic of Tajikistan to the Committee on the Admission of New Members for examination and report, in accordance with rule 59 of the provisional rules of procedure of the Council.

At its 3044th meeting, on 29 January, the Council considered the Committee's report dated 24 January (S/23478), in which the Committee recommended the adoption of the following draft resolution:

"The Security Council,

"Having examined the application of the Republic of Tajikistan for admission to the United Nations (S/23455),

"Recommends to the General Assembly that the Republic of Tajikistan be admitted to membership in the United Nations."

Decision: At the 3044th meeting, on 29 January 1992, the draft resolution was adopted without a vote as resolution 738 (1992).

When adopting the resolution, the Council, in accordance with the recommendation contained in the report of the Committee, decided to have recourse to the provisions of the last paragraph of rule 60 of its provisional rules of procedure in order to submit its recommendation to the General Assembly at its resumed forty-sixth session.

The President announced his intention to convey the decision of the Council to the Secretary-General for transmittal to the General Assembly in accordance with rule 60 of the provisional rules of procedure of the Council.

The President then made the following statement (S/23499) on behalf of the members of the Council:

"I am pleased, on behalf of the members of the Council, to extend our congratulations to the Republic of Tajikistan on the occasion of the Council's recommendation that Tajikistan be admitted to membership in the United Nations.

"All the members of the Council are confident that Tajikistan will make a significant contribution to the work of the Organization. In today's changing world, the principle of universality is ever more important. We note with great satisfaction Tajikistan's commitment to uphold the purposes and principles of the Charter of the United Nations, and to fulfil all the obligations contained in the Charter.

"In conclusion, I should like to address to the Republic of Tajikistan the warmest greetings of the members of the Council."

J. Application of the Republic of Moldova

In a letter dated 17 January 1992 (S/23468) addressed to the Secretary-General, the President of the Republic of Moldova submitted the application of his country for membership in the United Nations, and at the same time declared that his country accepted the obligations contained in the Charter and solemnly undertook to fulfil them and requested that the application be conveyed to the Security Council.

At its 3045th meeting, on 29 January 1992, the Council referred the application of the Republic of Moldova to the Committee on the Admission of New Members for examination and report, in accordance with rule 59 of the provisional rules of procedure of the Council.

At its 3047th meeting, on 5 February, the Council considered the Committee's report dated 4 February (S/23511), in which the Committee recommended the adoption of the following draft resolution:

"The Security Council,

"Having examined the application of the Republic of Moldova for admission to the United Nations (S/23468),

"Recommends to the General Assembly that the Republic of Moldova be admitted to membership in the United Nations."

Decision: At the 3047th meeting, on 5 February 1992, the draft resolution was adopted without a vote as resolution 739 (1992).

When adopting the resolution, the Council, in accordance with the recommendation contained in the report of the Committee, decided to have recourse to the provisions of the last paragraph of rule 60 of its provisional rules of procedure in order to submit its recommendation to the General Assembly at its resumed forty-sixth session.

The President announced his intention to convey the decision of the Council to the Secretary-General for transmittal to the General Assembly in accordance with rule 60 of the provisional rules of procedure of the Council.

The President then made the following statement (S/23516) on behalf of the members of the Council:

"The Security Council has just recommended that the Republic of Moldova be admitted to membership in the United Nations. It is with great pleasure that, on behalf of the members of the Council, I congratulate the Republic of Moldova on this happy and historic occasion. We look forward to this further strengthening of the principle of universality.

"The Council notes with great satisfaction Moldova's commitment to uphold the purposes and principles of the Charter of the United Nations. All the members of the Council look forward to the day, in the near future, when Moldova will join us as a member of the United Nations. We look forward to meeting the representatives of Moldova, and to working closely with them."

K. Application of Turkmenistan

In a letter dated 20 January 1992 (S/23489 and Corr.1) addressed to the Secretary-General, the President of Turkmenistan submitted the application of his country for membership in the United Nations, and at the same time declared that his country would assume the obligations contained in the Charter and pledged to fulfil them and requested that the application be considered as a matter of priority.

At its 3048th meeting, on 5 February 1992, the Council referred the application of Turkmenistan to the Committee on the Admission of New Members for examination and report, in accordance with rule 59 of the provisional rules of procedure of the Council.

At its 3050th meeting, on 7 February, the Council considered the Committee's report dated 6 February (S/23523), in which the Committee recommended the adoption of the following draft resolution:

"The Security Council,

"Having examined the application of Turkmenistan for admission to the United Nations (S/23489 and Corr.1),

"Recommends to the General Assembly that Turkmenistan be admitted to membership in the United Nations."

Decision: At the 3050th meeting, on 7 February 1992, the draft resolution was adopted without a vote as resolution 741 (1992).

When adopting the resolution, the Council, in accordance with the recommendation contained in the report of the Committee, decided to have recourse to the provisions of the last paragraph of rule 60 of its provisional rules of procedure in order to submit its recommendation to the General Assembly at its resumed forty-sixth session.

The President announced his intention to convey the decision of the Council to the Secretary-General for transmittal to the General Assembly in accordance with rule 60 of the provisional rules of procedure of the Council.

The President then made the following statement (S/23547) on behalf of the members of the Council:

"I am pleased, on behalf of the members of the Council, to extend our congratulations to Turkmenistan on the occasion of the Council's recommendation that Turkmenistan be admitted to membership in the United Nations.

"All the members of the Council are confident that Turkmenistan will make a significant contribution to the work of our Organization. We note with great satisfaction Turkmenistan's commitment to uphold and fulfil the purposes and principles of the Charter of the United Nations.

"I would also like to extend to Turkmenistan the warmest greetings of members of the Council."

L. Application of the Republic of Azerbaijan

In a letter dated 14 January 1992 (S/23558) addressed to the Secretary-General, the President of the Republic of Azerbaijan submitted the application of his country for membership in the United Nations, and at the same time declared that his country accepted the responsibilities of the Charter and solemnly pledged to fulfil them and requested that the application be transmitted to the Security Council.

At its 3051st meeting, on 11 February 1992, the Council referred the application of the Republic of Azerbaijan to the Committee on the Admission of New Members for examination and report, in accordance with rule 59 of the provisional rules of procedure of the Council.

At its 3052nd meeting, on 14 February, the Council considered the Committee's report dated 11 February (S/23569), in which the Committee recommended the adoption of the following resolution:

"The Security Council,

"Having examined the application of the Republic of Azerbaijan for admission to the United Nations (S/23558),

"Recommends to the General Assembly that the Republic of Azerbaijan be admitted to membership in the United Nations."

Decision: At the 3052nd meeting, on 14 February 1992, the draft resolution was adopted without a vote as resolution 742 (1992).

When adopting the resolution, the Council, in accordance with the recommendation contained in the report of the Committee, decided to have recourse to the provisions of the last paragraph of rule 60 of its provisional rules of procedure in order to submit its recommendation to the General Assembly at its resumed forty-sixth session.

The President announced his intention to convey the decision of the Council to the Secretary-General for transmittal to the General Assembly in accordance with rule 60 of the provisional rules of procedure of the Council.

The President then made the following statement (S/23597) on behalf of the members of the Council:

"The Security Council has just recommended that the Republic of Azerbaijan be admitted to membership in the United Nations. It is with great pleasure that, on behalf of the members of the Council, I congratulate the Republic of Azerbaijan on this happy and historic occasion. We look forward to this further strengthening of the principle of universality.

"Azerbaijan's solemn commitment to uphold the purposes and principles of the Charter of the United Nations, which include the principles relating to the peaceful settlement of disputes and the non-use of force, is noted with great satisfaction by members of the Council. All the members of the Council look forward to the day, in the near future, when Azerbaijan will join us as a member of the United Nations. We look forward to meeting the representatives of Azerbaijan, and to working closely with them."

M. Application of the Republic of San Marino

In a letter dated 19 February 1992 (S/23619) addressed to the Secretary-General, the Secretary of State for Foreign and Political Affairs of the Republic of San Marino submitted the application of his country for membership in the United Nations, and at the same time declared that his country accepted the obligations contained in the Charter and solemnly undertook to fulfil them and requested that the application be placed before the Security Council.

At its 3054th meeting, on 21 February 1992, the Council referred the application of the Republic of San Marino to the Committee on the Admission of New Members for examination and report, in accordance with rule 59 of the provisional rules of procedure of the Council.

At its 3056th meeting, on 25 February, the Council considered the Committee's report dated 24 February (S/23634), in which the Committee recommended the adoption of the following draft resolution:

"The Security Council,

"Having examined the application of the Republic of San Marino for admission to the United Nations (S/23619),

"Recommends to the General Assembly that the Republic of San Marino be admitted to membership in the United Nations."

Decision: At the 3056th meeting, on 25 February 1992, the draft resolution was adopted without a vote as resolution 744 (1992).

When adopting the resolution, the Council, in accordance with the recommendation contained in the report of the Committee, decided to have recourse to the provisions of the last paragraph of rule 60 of its provisional rules of procedure in order to submit its recommendation to the General Assembly at its resumed forty-sixth session.

The President announced his intention to convey the decision of the Council to the Secretary-General for transmittal to the General Assembly in accordance with rule 60 of the provisional rules of procedure of the Council.

The President then made the following statement (S/23640), on behalf of the members of the Council:

"The Security Council has just recommended that the Republic of San Marino be admitted to membership in the United Nations. It is with great pleasure that, on behalf of the members of the Council, I congratulate the Republic of San Marino on this happy and historic occasion. We look forward to this further strengthening of the principle of universality.

"San Marino's solemn commitment to uphold the purposes and principles of the Charter of the United Nations is noted with great satisfaction by members of the Council. All the members of the Council look forward to the day, in the near future, when San Marino will join us as a member of the United Nations. We look forward to meeting the representatives of San Marino, and to working closely with them."

N. Application of the Republic of Croatia

In a letter dated 11 February 1992 (S/23884) addressed to the Secretary-General, the President of the Republic of Croatia submitted the application of his country for membership in the United Nations, and at the same time declared that his country accepted the obligations contained in the Charter and solemnly pledged to fulfil them.

At its 3073rd meeting, on 14 May 1992, the Council referred the application of the Republic of Croatia to the Committee on the Admission of New Members for examination and report, in accordance with rule 59 of the provisional rules of procedure of the Council.

At its 3076th meeting, on 18 May, the Council considered the Committee's report dated 15 May (S/23935), in which the Committee recommended the adoption of the following draft resolution:

"The Security Council,

"Having examined the application of the Republic of Croatia for admission to the United Nations (S/23884),

"Recommends to the General Assembly that the Republic of Croatia be admitted to membership in the United Nations."

Decision: At the 3076th meeting, on 18 May 1992, the draft resolution was adopted without a vote as resolution 753 (1992).

When adopting the resolution, the Council, in accordance with the recommendation contained in the report of the Committee, decided to have recourse to the provisions of the last paragraph of rule 60 of its provisional rules of procedure in order to submit its recommendation to the General Assembly at its resumed forty-sixth session.

The President announced his intention to convey the decision of the Council to the Secretary-General for transmittal to the General Assembly in accordance with rule 60 of the provisional rules of procedure of the Council.

The President then made the following statement (S/23945) on behalf of the members of the Council:

"It is a privilege for me, on behalf of the members of the Security Council, to congratulate the Republic of Croatia on the decision which the Council has just taken, namely to recommend to the General Assembly the admission of the Republic of Croatia to membership in the United Nations.

"Croatia's solemn commitment to uphold the purposes and principles of the Charter of the United Nations, which include the principles relating to the peaceful settlement of disputes and the non-use of force, and to fulfil all the obligations contained in the Charter is noted with great satisfaction by the members of the Council.

"The members of the Council are confident that Croatia will contribute fully and effectively in all areas of the Organization's activities."

O. Application of the Republic of Slovenia

In a letter dated 5 May 1992 (S/23885) addressed to the Secretary-General, the President of the Republic of Slovenia submitted the application of his country for membership in the United Nations, and at the same time solemnly declared that his country accepted the obligations contained in the Charter and undertook to fulfil them.

At its 3074th meeting, on 14 May 1992, the Council referred the application of the Republic of Slovenia to the Committee on the Admission of New Members for examination and report, in accordance with rule 59 of the provisional rules of procedure of the Council.

At its 3077th meeting, on 18 May, the Council considered the Committee's report dated 15 May (S/23936), in which the Committee recommended the adoption of the following draft resolution:

"The Security Council,

"Having examined the application of the Republic of Slovenia for admission to the United Nations (S/23885),

"Recommends to the General Assembly that the Republic of Slovenia be admitted to membership in the United Nations."

Decision: At the 3077th meeting, on 18 May 1992, the draft resolution was adopted without a vote as resolution 754 (1992).

When adopting the resolution, the Council, in accordance with the recommendation contained in the report of the Committee, decided to have recourse to the provisions of the last paragraph of rule 60 of its provisional rules of procedure in order to submit its recommendation to the General Assembly at its resumed forty-sixth session.

The President announced his intention to convey the decision of the Council to the Secretary-General for transmittal to the General Assembly in accordance with rule 60 of the provisional rules of procedure of the Council.

The President then made the following statement (S/23946) on behalf of the members of the Council:

"I am pleased, on behalf of the members of the Council, to extend our congratulations to the Republic of Slovenia on the occasion of the Council's recommendation to the General Assembly that Slovenia be admitted to membership in the United Nations.

"We note with great satisfaction Slovenia's solemn commitment to uphold the purposes and principles of the Charter of the United Nations, which include the principles relating to the peaceful settlement of disputes and the non-use of force, and to fulfil all the obligations contained in the Charter.

"All the members of the Council are confident that Slovenia will make a significant contribution to the work of the Organization."

P. Application of the Republic of Bosnia and Herzegovina

In a letter dated 8 May 1992 (S/23971) addressed to the Secretary-General, the Minister for Foreign Affairs of the Republic of Bosnia and Herzegovina submitted the application of his country for membership in the United Nations, and at the same time solemnly declared that his country accepted the obligations contained in the Charter and expressed its willingness to carry them out.

At its 3078th meeting, on 20 May 1992, the Council referred the application of the Republic of Bosnia and Herzegovina to the Committee on the Admission of New Members for examination and report, in accordance with rule 59 of the provisional rules of procedure of the Council.

At its 3079th meeting, on 20 May, the Council considered the Committee's report dated 20 May (S/23974), in which the Committee recommended the adoption of the following draft resolution:

"The Security Council,

"Having examined the application of the Republic of Bosnia and Herzegovina for admission to the United Nations (S/23971),

"Recommends to the General Assembly that the Republic of Bosnia and Herzegovina be admitted to membership in the United Nations."

Decision: At the 3079th meeting, on 20 May 1992, the draft resolution was adopted without a vote as resolution 755 (1992).

When adopting the resolution, the Council, in accordance with the recommendation contained in the report of the Committee, decided to have recourse to the provisions of the last paragraph of rule 60 of its provisional rules of procedure in order to submit its recommendation to the General Assembly at its resumed forty-sixth session.

The President announced his intention to convey the decision of the Council to the Secretary-General for transmittal to the General Assembly in accordance with rule 60 of the provisional rules of procedure of the Council.

The President then made the following statement (S/23982) on behalf of the members of the Council:

"I am pleased, on behalf of the members of the Council, to extend our congratulations to the Republic of Bosnia and Herzegovina on the occasion of the Council's recommendation to the General Assembly that Bosnia and Herzegovina be admitted to membership in the United Nations.

"We note with great satisfaction Bosnia and Herzegovina's solemn commitment to uphold the purposes and principles of the Charter of the United Nations, which include the principles relating to the peaceful settlement of disputes and the non-use of force, and to fulfil all the obligations contained in the Charter.

"All the members of the Council are confident that Bosnia and Herzegovina will make a significant contribution to the work of the Organization."

Chapter 30

INTERNATIONAL COURT OF JUSTICE

A. Date of an election to fill a vacancy in the International Court of Justice

In a note dated 16 August 1991 (S/22959), the Secretary-General drew the attention of the Council to the fact that a vacancy had occurred in the International Court of Justice, which would have to be filled in accordance with Article 14 of the Statute of the Court.

In accordance with the understanding reached in its prior consultations, the Council met at its 3005th meeting, on 28 August 1991, to consider the question of the date of an election to fill a vacancy in the International Court of Justice.

The President drew attention to the text of a draft resolution (S/22984) that had been prepared in the course of the Council's prior consultations, which he proposed to put to the vote.

Decision: At the 3005th meeting, on 28 August 1991, draft resolution S/22984 was adopted unanimously as resolution 708 (1991).

Resolution 708 (1991) reads as follows:

"The Security Council,

"Noting with regret the death of Judge Taslim Olawale Elias on 14 August 1991,

"Noting further that a vacancy in the International Court of Justice for the remainder of the term of office of the deceased Judge has thus occurred and must be filled in accordance with the terms of the Statute of the Court,

"Noting that, in accordance with Article 14 of the Statute, the date of the election to fill the vacancy shall be fixed by the Security Council,

"Decides that the election to fill the vacancy shall take place on 5 December 1991 at a meeting of the Security Council and at a meeting of the General Assembly at its forty-sixth session."

B. Election of a member of the International Court of Justice

In a memorandum dated 20 November 1991 (S/23227), the Secretary-General described the steps to be taken in accordance with Article 14 of the Statute of the Court to fill the vacancy that had occurred in the Court. The memorandum also described the actual composition of the Court and the election procedure to be followed in the General Assembly and in the Security Council.

On 29 November, in accordance with Article 7 of the Statute, the Secretary-General submitted the names of the candidates nominated by national groups to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Judge Taslim Olawale Elias (S/23243). In a note of the same date, the Secretary-General circulated the curricula vitae of the candidates (S/23244).

At the 3021st meeting, on 5 December, after reviewing the procedure, the President, with the consent of the Council, selected, by drawing lots, the names of two delegations which were asked to designate one member each to serve as teller.

The Council then proceeded to vote by secret ballot on the candidates listed in document S/23243.

On the second ballot, Mr. Bola Ajibola (Nigeria) received eight votes.

The President of the Council communicated by a letter to the President of the General Assembly the result of the vote in the Council. The Council remained in session, pending the result of the vote in the Assembly. Upon receipt of a letter from the President of the General Assembly, the President informed the Council that, in the independent voting in the Council and in the Assembly, Mr. Bola Ajibola had obtained an absolute majority of votes in both bodies and had therefore been elected a member of the International Court of Justice for a term of office expiring on 5 February 1994.

Chapter 31

RECOMMENDATION REGARDING THE APPOINTMENT OF THE SECRETARY-GENERAL OF THE UNITED NATIONS

A. Communication received on 22 August 1991

Letter dated 22 August 1991 (S/22972) from the representatives of Egypt and Nigeria addressed to the President of the Security Council, submitting, on behalf of the current Chairman of the Organization of African Unity and the Group of African States at the United Nations, the names of six candidates for the office of Secretary-General of the United Nations.

B. Consideration at the 3017th meeting (21 November 1991)

At its 3017th meeting, held in private on 21 November 1991, the Security Council considered the question of its recommendation regarding the appointment of the Secretary-General of the United Nations.

Following a vote by secret ballot, the Council unanimously adopted resolution 720 (1991), recommending to the General Assembly that Mr. Boutros Boutros-Ghali be appointed Secretary-General of the United Nations.

Resolution 720 (1991) reads as follows:

"The Security Council,

"Having considered the question of the recommendation for the appointment of the Secretary-General of the United Nations,

"Recommends to the General Assembly that Mr. Boutros Boutros-Ghali be appointed Secretary-General of the United Nations for a term of office from 1 January 1992 to 31 December 1996."

PART III

MILITARY STAFF COMMITTEE

Chapter 32

WORK OF THE MILITARY STAFF COMMITTEE

The Military Staff Committee, established pursuant to Article 47 of the Charter of the United Nations, functioned continually under its draft rules of procedure during the period under review. It held a total of 26 meetings and remained prepared to carry out the functions assigned to it under the terms of Article 47.

PART IV

MATTERS BROUGHT TO THE ATTENTION OF THE SECURITY COUNCIL BUT NOT DISCUSSED IN THE COUNCIL DURING THE PERIOD COVERED

Chapter 33

COMMUNICATIONS CONCERNING THE SITUATION BETWEEN IRAN AND IRAQ AND REPORTS OF THE SECRETARY-GENERAL

Letter dated 17 June 1991 (S/22710) from the representative of the Islamic Republic of Iran addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 17 June (S/22712) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 20 June (S/22726) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 20 June (S/22728) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of a statement made on 12 June 1991 by the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Iraq.

Letter dated 26 June (S/22741) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 26 June (S/22742) from the representative of the Islamic Republic of Iran addressed to the Secretary-General, enclosing the text of a note verbale dated 22 June 1991 from the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the Islamic Republic of Iran to the Embassy of Iraq in Teheran.

Letter dated 27 June (S/22747) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 3 July (S/22764) from the representative of the Islamic Republic of Iran addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 8 July (S/22773) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 8 July (S/22776) from the representative of the Islamic Republic of Iran addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 15 July (S/22790) from the representative of the Islamic Republic of Iran addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 15 July (S/22795) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 17 July (S/22810) from the representative of the Islamic Republic of Iran addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 18 July (S/22813) from the representative of the Islamic Republic of Iran addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 18 July (S/22814) from the representative of the Islamic Republic of Iran addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 19 July (S/22819) from the representative of the Islamic Republic of Iran addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 23 July (S/22830) from the representative of the Islamic Republic of Iran addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 24 July (S/22818) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 24 July (S/22831) from the representative of the Islamic Republic of Iran addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 24 July (S/22832) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of a letter dated 6 May 1991 from the representative of Iraq to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 31 July (S/22863) from the Secretary-General addressed to the President of the Security Council, transmitting the preliminary report of a United Nations team of experts, appointed by the Secretary-General pursuant to paragraph 7 of Security Council resolution 598 (1987), which visited the Islamic Republic of Iran from 31 May to 21 June 1991 to obtain initial information on the nature and extent of the damage sustained by that country as a result of the conflict between the Islamic Republic of Iran and Iraq, and on the status of the former's reconstruction efforts.

Letter dated 31 July (S/22870) from the representative of the Islamic Republic of Iran addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 2 August (S/22888) from the representative of the Islamic Republic of Iran addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 6 August (S/22900) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 7 August (S/22908) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 8 August (S/22913) from the representative of the Islamic Republic of Iran addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 12 August (S/22927) from the representative of the Islamic Republic of Iran addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 12 August (S/22928) from the representative of the Islamic Republic of Iran addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 28 August (S/22988) from the representative of the Islamic Republic of Iran addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 4 September (S/23005) from the representative of the Islamic Republic of Iran addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 9 September (S/23022) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 10 September (S/23030) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 23 September (S/23072) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 29 September (S/23094) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 30 September (S/23092) from the representative of the Islamic Republic of Iran addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 30 September (S/23093) from the representative of the Islamic Republic of Iran addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 14 October (S/23150) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 27 October (S/23175) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 30 October (S/23188) from the representative of the Islamic Republic of Iran addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 30 October (S/23189) from the representative of the Islamic Republic of Iran addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 7 November (S/23202) from the representative of the Islamic Republic of Iran addressed to the Secretary-General, and annex.

Letter dated 12 November (S/23213) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of a letter of the same date from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Iraq to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 25 November (S/23249) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Report of the Secretary-General dated 26 November (S/23246) on the implementation of Security Council resolution 598 (1987).

Letter dated 5 December (S/23270) from the representative of the Islamic Republic of Iran addressed to the Secretary-General.

Further report of the Secretary-General dated 9 December (S/23273) on the implementation of Security Council resolution 598 (1987).

Letter dated 9 December (S/23276) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 22 December (S/23311) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the President of the Security Council, transmitting the text of a letter of the same date from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Iraq to the President of the Security Council, and enclosure.

Letter dated 24 December (S/23319) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 24 December (S/23322 and Corr.1 and Add.1 and Add.1/Corr.1) from the Secretary-General addressed to the President of the Security Council, transmitting the second and final report of the United Nations team of experts appointed by him pursuant to paragraph 7 of Security Council resolution 598 (1987), prepared following a further visit by the team to the Islamic Republic of Iran, from 7 November to 1 December 1991, to complete its study of the country's reconstruction efforts and needs in the wake of the conflict between the Islamic Republic of Iran and Iraq.

Letter dated 31 December (S/23341) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 13 January 1992 (S/23410) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 27 January (S/23481) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 6 February (S/23530) from the representative of the Islamic Republic of Iran addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 7 February (S/23553) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 12 February (S/23598) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 3 March (S/23670) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 12 March (S/23703) from the representative of the Islamic Republic of Iran addressed to the President of the Security Council.

Letter dated 12 March (S/23717) from the representative of the Islamic Republic of Iran addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 17 March (S/23730) from the representative of the Islamic Republic of Iran addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 18 March (S/23729) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 23 March (S/23742 and Corr.1) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 31 March (S/23768) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 5 April (S/23785) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the President of the Security Council, transmitting the text of a letter of the same date from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Iraq to the President of the Security Council.

Identical letters dated 5 April (S/23786) from the representative of the Islamic Republic of Iran addressed to the Secretary-General and the President of the Security Council.

Letter dated 8 April (S/23794) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 13 April (S/23811 and Corr.1) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 20 April (S/23827) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 27 April (S/23849) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 27 April (S/23856) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 4 May (S/23869) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 12 May (S/23903) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Identical letters dated 12 May (S/23909) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General and the President of the Security Council.

Letter dated 13 May (S/23941) from the representative of the Islamic Republic of Iran addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 25 May (S/24006) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 5 June (S/24071 and Add.1) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 9 June (S/24085) from the representative of the Islamic Republic of Iran addressed to the Secretary-General.

Chapter 34

COMMUNICATIONS CONCERNING DISARMAMENT

Letter dated 17 June 1991 (S/22714) from the representative of Pakistan addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of a statement made on 6 June 1991 by the Prime Minister of Pakistan at the National Defence College, Rawalpindi, Pakistan.

Letter dated 28 June (S/22745) from the representative of Italy addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting a note concerning the legal constraints and political guidelines of the Italian arms export policy.

Letter dated 9 July (S/22782) from the representative of Czechoslovakia addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the texts of a communiqué issued on 1 July 1991 by the Political Consultative Committee of the Warsaw Treaty member States and the Protocol on terminating the validity of the Treaty of Friendship, Cooperation and Mutual Assistance, signed at Warsaw on 14 May 1955, and of the Protocol on extending its validity, signed at Warsaw on 26 April 1985.

Letter dated 12 July (S/22805) from the representative of Cameroon addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of the final document, on confidence-building measures, security, disarmament and development in central Africa, adopted by the States members of the Economic Community of Central African States, at the close of the subregional seminar-workshop of 17 to 21 June 1991, organized at Yaoundé by the Department of Disarmament Affairs of the Secretariat in collaboration with the Government of Cameroon.

Letter dated 29 July (S/22855) from the representative of Egypt addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of a letter dated 21 July 1991 from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Egypt to the Secretary-General, concerning initiatives for arms limitation and disarmament in the Middle East.

Note by the President of the Security Council dated 30 July (S/22854), transmitting the text of a letter of the same date from the observer of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea addressed to the President of the Council, transmitting the text of a statement issued on the same date by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

Letter dated 11 October (S/23161) from the representative of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics 1/ addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of a statement made on Soviet television on 5 October 1991 by the Soviet President.

Letter dated 28 October (S/23172) from the representative of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea addressed to the President of the Security Council, transmitting the text of a draft declaration (undated) on the denuclearization of the Korean peninsula proposed by the head of the delegation of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea to the fourth round of north-south high-level talks held at Pyongyang.

Letter dated 8 November (S/23201) from the representative of the Republic of Korea addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of the Declaration of Non-nuclear Korean Peninsula Peace Initiatives, made on 8 November 1991 by the President of the Republic of Korea.

Letter dated 19 December (S/23296) from the representative of the Republic of Korea addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of a special announcement on a nuclear-free Korean peninsula made on 18 December 1991 by the President of the Republic of Korea.

Letter dated 24 January 1992 (S/23474) from the representative of Germany addressed to the Secretary-General, summarizing three proposals for preventing the proliferation of weapons of mass destruction made on 23 January 1992 by the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Germany in his talks with the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 28 January (S/23486 and Corr.1) from the representative of the Russian Federation 1/ addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of a message dated 27 January 1992, from the President of the Russian Federation to the Secretary-General, concerning participation and cooperation in the process of arms limitation and reduction.

Letter dated 29 January (S/23494) from the representative of the Russian Federation addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of a statement made on 27 January 1992 by the President of the Russian Federation concerning that country's policy in the field of arms limitation and reduction.

Letter dated 11 February (S/23576) from the representative of Czechoslovakia addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting, on behalf of the Conference on Security and Cooperation in Europe, the text of the concluding documents of the second meeting of the Council of Ministers for Foreign Affairs of CSCE, held at Prague on 30 and 31 January 1992.

Letter dated 26 February (S/23645) from the representative of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of a statement made on 20 February 1992 by the President of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea after the conclusion of the sixth round of north-south high-level talks.

Chapter 35*

COMMUNICATIONS CONCERNING THE SITUATION RELATING TO AFGHANISTAN AND REPORT OF THE SECRETARY-GENERAL

Letter dated 17 June 1991 (S/22714) from the representative of Pakistan addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of a statement made on 6 June 1991 by the Prime Minister of Pakistan at the National Defence College, Rawalpindi, Pakistan.

Letter dated 19 July (S/22816) from the representative of Afghanistan addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting a letter dated 18 July 1991 from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Afghanistan to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 1 August (S/22873) from the representatives of the Islamic Republic of Iran and Pakistan addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of a joint declaration issued by the Minister for Foreign Affairs of the Islamic Republic of Iran, the Secretary-General for Foreign Affairs of Pakistan and the leaders of the Afghan mujahidin parties at the conclusion of their meeting, held at Islamabad on 29 and 30 July 1991.

Letter dated 27 September (S/23099) from the representative of Afghanistan addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting a letter dated 19 September 1991 from the President of Afghanistan to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 30 September (S/23100) from the representative of Afghanistan addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of a statement issued on 18 September 1991 by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Afghanistan.

Letter dated 30 September (S/23104) from the representatives of China, France, the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and the United States of America addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of the statement issued on 27 September 1991 by the Ministers for Foreign Affairs of the five permanent members of the Security Council following a meeting with the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 8 October (S/23124) from the representative of Afghanistan addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting a letter dated 2 October 1991 from the President of Afghanistan to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 8 October (S/23125) from the representative of Afghanistan addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting a letter dated 2 October 1991 from the President of Afghanistan to the Secretary-General.

Report of the Secretary-General dated 17 October (S/23146 and Corr.1) submitted in pursuance of General Assembly resolution 45/12 of 7 November 1990.

Letter dated 23 October (S/23163) from the representatives of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics and the United States of America addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of the joint United States-Soviet statement on Afghanistan adopted in Moscow on 13 September 1991, and annex.

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* See also chap. 21 above.

Letter dated 25 October (S/23173/Rev.1) from the representative of Afghanistan addressed to the President of the Security Council, transmitting the text of a statement issued on the same date by the House of Representatives of the National Assembly of Afghanistan.

Letter dated 19 March 1992 (S/23737) from the representative of Afghanistan addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting a letter dated 8 March 1992 from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Afghanistan to the Secretary-General, and appendix.

Letter dated 16 April (S/23816) from the representative of the Russian Federation addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of a statement (undated) on Afghanistan issued by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the Russian Federation.

Letter dated 17 April (S/23820) from the representative of the Islamic Republic of Iran addressed to the Secretary-General, enclosing a letter of the same date from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of the Islamic Republic of Iran to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 20 April (S/23823) from the representative of Afghanistan addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of a statement issued on 17 April 1992 by the Republic of Afghanistan.

Letter dated 4 May (S/23862) from the representative of Tunisia addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of a statement made on 1 May 1992 by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Tunisia.

Letter dated 7 May (S/23889) from the representative of the United Arab Emirates addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of a statement issued on 3 May 1992 by the Minister for Foreign Affairs of the United Arab Emirates.

Chapter 36

COMMUNICATIONS FROM ALBANIA AND YUGOSLAVIA

Letter dated 7 July 1991 (S/22769) from the representative of Albania addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of a declaration issued at Tirana on 6 July 1991 by the Government of Albania.

Note verbale dated 15 July (S/22796) from the representative of Yugoslavia addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of a statement (undated) issued by the Federal Secretariat for Foreign Affairs of Yugoslavia.

Chapter 37

COMMUNICATIONS CONCERNING THE STRENGTHENING OF INTERNATIONAL SECURITY OR BILATERAL AND MULTILATERAL RELATIONS

Letter dated 9 July 1991 (S/22782) from the representative of Czechoslovakia addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the texts of a communiqué issued on 1 July 1991 by the Political Consultative Committee of the Warsaw Treaty member States and the Protocol on terminating the validity of the Treaty of Friendship, Cooperation and Mutual Assistance, signed at Warsaw on 14 May 1955, and of the Protocol on extending its validity, signed at Warsaw on 26 April 1985.

Letter dated 20 November (S/23231) from the representative of Bulgaria addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of a statement made on 14 November 1991 by the President of Bulgaria before the North Atlantic Council.

Letter dated 26 May 1992 (S/24011) from the representative of Canada addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of an address made at Montreal on 24 May 1992 by the Prime Minister of Canada.

Chapter 38

COMMUNICATION FROM THE UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND

Letter dated 17 July 1991 (S/22807) from the representative of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the texts of the final documents of the London Economic Summit, held from 15 to 17 July 1991, comprising the Economic Declaration: Building World Partnership; the Political Declaration: Strengthening the International Order; and the Declaration on Conventional Arms Transfers and NBC (nuclear, biological and chemical) Non-Proliferation.

Chapter 39

COMMUNICATION FROM MEXICO

Letter dated 22 July 1991 (S/22823) from the representative of Mexico addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of the Guadalajara Declaration, issued on 19 July 1991 at the conclusion of the first Ibero-American summit meeting.

Chapter 40

COMMUNICATION FROM COSTA RICA, EL SALVADOR, GUATEMALA, HONDURAS, NICARAGUA AND PANAMA

Letter dated 22 July 1991 (S/22828) from the representatives of Costa Rica, El Salvador, Guatemala, Honduras, Nicaragua and Panama addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of the Declaration of San Salvador, adopted on 17 July 1991 at the tenth summit meeting of the Central American Presidents.

Chapter 41

COMMUNICATIONS FROM THE ASSOCIATION OF SOUTH-EAST ASIAN NATIONS

Letter dated 22 July 1991 (S/22836) from the representative of the Philippines addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of the joint communiqué issued at Kuala Lumpur on 20 July 1991 at the conclusion of the twenty-fourth Ministerial Meeting of the Association of South-East Asian Nations (ASEAN).

Letter dated 29 July (S/22850) from the representative of the Philippines addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of a statement on the Cambodian question issued at Kuala Lumpur on 19 July 1991 by the ASEAN Ministers for Foreign Affairs.

Letter dated 29 January 1992 (S/23502) from the representative of the Philippines addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of the Singapore Declaration, signed on 28 January 1992 by the heads of State and Government of ASEAN.

Chapter 42

COMMUNICATIONS CONCERNING THE QUESTION OF KOREA

Note by the President of the Security Council dated 26 July 1991 (S/22839), transmitting the text of a letter dated 25 July 1991 from the observer of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea addressed to the President of the Security Council, and enclosure.

Note by the President of the Security Council dated 30 July (S/22854), transmitting the text of a letter of the same date from the observer of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea addressed to the President of the Council, transmitting the text of a statement issued on the same date by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

Letter dated 28 October (S/23172) from the representative of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea addressed to the President of the Security Council, transmitting the text of a draft declaration (undated) on the denuclearization of the Korean peninsula proposed by the head of the delegation of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea to the fourth round of north-south high-level talks, held at Pyongyang.

Letter dated 8 November (S/23201) from the representative of the Republic of Korea addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of the Declaration of Non-nuclear Korean Peninsula Peace Initiatives, made on 8 November 1991 by the President of the Republic of Korea.

Letter dated 19 December (S/23296) from the representative of the Republic of Korea addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of a special announcement on a nuclear-free Korean peninsula made on 18 December by the President of the Republic of Korea.

Letter dated 2 January 1992 (S/23351) from the representative of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea addressed to the President of the Security Council, transmitting part of the New Year Address for 1992 delivered on 31 December 1991 by the President of the Republic of Korea.

Letter dated 26 February (S/23645) from the representative of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of a statement made on 20 February 1992 by the President of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea after the conclusion of the sixth round of north-south high-level talks.

Letter dated 15 June (S/24466) from the representative of the United States of America addressed to the President of the Security Council, transmitting the report of the United Nations Command concerning the maintenance of the Armistice Agreement of 1953 during the period from 1 January to 31 December 1991.

Letter dated 15 June (S/24467) from the representative of the United States of America addressed to the President of the Security Council, transmitting a special report of the United Nations Command.

Chapter 43

COMMUNICATIONS FROM IRAQ

Letter dated 12 August 1991 (S/22925) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of a note verbale dated 7 August 1991 from the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Iraq to the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Turkey.

Letter dated 12 August (S/22926) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 14 August (S/22943) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of a letter of the same date from the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Iraq to the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Turkey.

Letter dated 13 October (S/23141) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting a letter of the same date from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Iraq to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 16 October (S/23152) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting a letter of the same date from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Iraq to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 18 October (S/23153) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting a letter of the same date from the Minister for Foreign Affairs to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 29 October (S/23183) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting a letter of the same date from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Iraq to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 1 November (S/23193) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Chapter 44

COMMUNICATIONS CONCERNING RELATIONS BETWEEN BELIZE AND GUATEMALA

Letter dated 15 August 1991 (S/22953) from the representative of Guatemala to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of a press release issued on 14 August 1991 by the Government of Guatemala in connection with Belize.

Letter dated 9 September (S/23026) from the representative of Guatemala addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of a communiqué issued on 5 September 1991 by the Government of Guatemala in connection with Belize.

Chapter 45

COMMUNICATIONS CONCERNING THE QUESTION OF SOUTH AFRICA

Letter dated 4 September 1991 (S/23014) from the Acting Chairman of the Special Committee on the Situation with regard to the Implementation of the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples addressed to the President of the Security Council, transmitting the text of a draft decision (Official Records of the General Assembly, Forty-sixth Session, Supplement No. 23 (A/46/23), chap. V, sect. C) adopted by the Committee on 23 August 1991 and drawing the Council's particular attention to paragraph 6 thereof.

Letter dated 13 September (S/23126) from the Chairman of the Intergovernmental Group to Monitor the Supply and Shipping of Oil and Petroleum Products to South Africa addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the Group's report (Official Records of the General Assembly, Forty-sixth Session, Supplement No. 44 (A/46/44)), adopted unanimously on 13 September and submitted to the General Assembly and the Security Council in accordance with paragraph 6 of Assembly resolution 45/176 F of 19 December 1990.

Letter dated 18 November (S/23224) from the Chairman of the Special Committee against Apartheid addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the Committee's annual report (Official Records of the General Assembly, Forty-sixth Session, Supplement No. 22 (A/46/22), part one) and its report on recent developments concerning relations between South Africa and Israel (ibid., part two), adopted unanimously on 18 November and submitted to the General Assembly and the Security Council in accordance with the relevant provisions of Assembly resolutions 2671 (XXV) of 8 December 1970 and 45/167 A to H of 19 December 1990.

Chapter 46

COMMUNICATION AND REPORT CONCERNING THE TRUST TERRITORY OF THE PACIFIC ISLANDS

Letter dated 12 September 1991 (S/23035) from the Acting Chairman of the Special Committee on the Situation with regard to the Implementation of the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples addressed to the President of the Security Council, transmitting the text of a draft resolution concerning the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands (Official Records of the General Assembly, Forty-sixth Session, Supplement No. 23 (A/46/23), chap. IX, sect. D, draft resolution II), adopted by the Special Committee at its 1393rd meeting, on 14 August 1991, and drawing attention to paragraph 2 thereof.

Note by the Secretary-General dated 27 May 1992 (S/23871), submitted pursuant to paragraph 3 of Security Council resolution 70 (1949) of 7 March 1949, transmitting to the members of the Council the report of the United States Government on the administration of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands for the period from 1 October 1990 to 30 September 1991, received on 30 March 1992.

Chapter 47

COMMUNICATION FROM GHANA

Letter dated 19 September 1991 (S/23054) from the representative of Ghana addressed to the Secretary-General.

Chapter 48

COMMUNICATIONS FROM THE ORGANIZATION OF THE ISLAMIC CONFERENCE

Letter dated 19 September 1991 (S/23055) from the representative of Turkey addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the texts of the documents adopted by the twentieth Islamic Conference of Foreign Ministers, held at Istanbul from 4 to 8 August 1991.

Letter dated 6 February 1992 (S/23563) from the representative of Senegal addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the texts of the documents adopted at the sixth Islamic Summit Conference, held at Dakar, from 9 to 11 December 1991.

Chapter 49

COMMUNICATION FROM DENMARK, FINLAND, ICELAND, NORWAY AND SWEDEN

Letter dated 23 October 1991 (S/23159) from the representatives of Denmark, Finland, Iceland, Norway and Sweden addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of a document entitled "Shaping the Peace: The United Nations in the 1990s".

Chapter 50

COMMUNICATION REGARDING THE QUESTION CONCERNING THE SITUATION IN THE REGION OF THE FALKLAND ISLANDS (ISLAS MALVINAS)

Letter dated 23 October 1991 (S/23164) from the representatives of Argentina and the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of the joint statement issued in London and Buenos Aires on 25 September 1991 by the Governments of Argentina and the United Kingdom.

Chapter 51

COMMUNICATIONS FROM ZAIRE AND BELGIUM

Letter dated 31 October 1991 (S/23185) from the representative of Zaire addressed to the President of the Security Council.

Letter dated 1 November (S/23190) from the representative of Belgium addressed to the President of the Security Council.

Chapter 52

COMMUNICATIONS FROM THE MOVEMENT OF NON-ALIGNED COUNTRIES

Letter dated 14 November 1991 (S/23223) from the representative of Ghana addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of the Accra Declaration adopted by the Tenth Ministerial Conference of the Movement of Non-Aligned Countries, held at Accra from 2 to 7 September 1991.

Letter dated 2 December (S/23265) from the representative of Ghana addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of the report of the Tenth Ministerial Conference of the Movement of Non-Aligned Countries, held at Accra from 2 to 7 September 1991.

Letter dated 22 May 1992 (S/23998) from the representatives of Indonesia and Yugoslavia addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting, as representatives of the Chairman of the Movement of Non-Aligned Countries and the Chairman of the Ministerial Meeting of the Coordinating Bureau of the Movement of Non-Aligned Countries, held at Bali, Indonesia, from 14 to 16 May 1992, the text of the press communiqué issued at the conclusion of the meeting.

Chapter 53

COMMUNICATIONS CONCERNING THE SITUATION IN TIMOR

Letter dated 20 November 1991 (S/23235) from the representative of Cape Verde addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of a joint statement issued on 18 November 1991 by Angola, Cape Verde, Guinea-Bissau, Mozambique and Sao Tome and Principe.

Letter dated 22 November (S/23242) from the representative of Portugal addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of a statement (undated) issued by the Government of Portugal on Indonesia's appointed "Commission of Inquiry" into the Dili massacre.

Letter dated 12 November (S/23258) from the representative of Portugal addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of a communiqué issued on the same date by the Government of Portugal on the human rights situation in East Timor.

Letter dated 18 December (S/23339) from the representative of Portugal addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of a note verbale handed on 16 December 1991 by the Ambassador of Portugal in Canberra to the Ministry for Foreign Affairs of Australia.

Letter dated 24 March 1992 (S/23757) from the representative of Portugal addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of a statement on East Timor issued at Lisbon on 24 March 1992 by the Government of Portugal.

Chapter 54

COMMUNICATION FROM UKRAINE

Note verbale dated 26 November 1991 (S/23251) from the Permanent Mission of Ukraine addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of a note verbale dated 14 November 1991 from the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Ukraine to the Embassy of Yugoslavia in Moscow.

Chapter 55

COMMUNICATION FROM DJIBOUTI

Letter dated 26 November 1991 (S/23254) from the representative of Djibouti addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting a letter of the same date from the Minister for Foreign Affairs and Cooperation of Djibouti to the Secretary-General.

Chapter 56

COMMUNICATION FROM THE SUDAN

Letter dated 27 November 1991 (S/23257) from the representative of the Sudan addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting a letter dated 25 June 1991 received by the Ambassador of the Sudan to Iraq from a Sudanese national.

Chapter 57

COMMUNICATIONS FROM ESTONIA, LATVIA, LITHUANIA AND THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION

Letter dated 13 December 1991 (S/23287) from the representatives of Estonia, Latvia and Lithuania addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 13 February 1992 (S/23590) from the representatives of Lithuania and the Russian Federation addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of the joint communiqué issued at Vilnius on 31 January 1992 on the working meeting of State delegations of Lithuania and the Russian Federation.

Letter dated 13 February (S/23591) from the representatives of Latvia and the Russian Federation addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of a communiqué concerning talks between State delegations of Latvia and the Russian Federation, held at Riga on 1 February 1992.

Letter dated 25 March (S/23756) from the representatives of Estonia, Latvia and Lithuania addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of a statement issued on 16 March 1992 by the Council of the Baltic States on the issue of the withdrawal of the military troops of the former USSR from the territory of Estonia, Latvia and Lithuania, and a message also dated 16 March 1992 from the Council of the Baltic States addressed to each of the heads of State of the Commonwealth of Independent States.

Letter dated 30 April (S/23864) from the representative of Latvia addressed to the President of the Security Council, transmitting the text of a note verbale dated 28 April 1992, addressed by the Permanent Mission of Latvia to the Secretariat and to the Permanent Missions and Observer Missions to the United Nations and offices of observers.

Letter dated 5 June (S/24070) from the representative of Estonia addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of a statement made on 4 June 1992 by the Government of Estonia concerning the status of negotiations between Estonia and the Russian Federation on the withdrawal of Russian military forces from Estonia.

Chapter 58

COMMUNICATIONS CONCERNING THE FORMER SOVIET REPUBLICS AND THE ESTABLISHMENT OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF INDEPENDENT STATES

Letter dated 26 December 1991 (S/23328) from the representative of Costa Rica addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of a communiqué issued on 23 December 1991 by the Government of Costa Rica.

Letter dated 27 December (S/23329) from the representative of Belarus addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting (a) the Protocol to the Agreement establishing the Commonwealth of Independent States signed at Minsk on 8 December 1991 by Belarus, the Russian Federation and Ukraine; (b) the Alma Ata Declaration; (c) the minutes of the meeting of heads of independent States; (d) the Agreement on coordinating bodies of the Commonwealth of Independent States; (e) a decision by the Council of Heads of State of the Commonwealth of Independent States; (f) the Agreement on joint measures with respect to nuclear weapons; and (g) a statement by the delegation of Belarus.

Letter dated 3 January 1992 (S/23371) from the representative of Singapore addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of a press release issued on 2 January 1992 by the Government of Singapore.

Letter dated 16 January (S/23431) from the representative of the Lao People's Democratic Republic addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of a statement issued on 2 January 1992 by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the Lao People's Democratic Republic.

Letter dated 22 January (S/23460) from the representative of Guyana addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of a press release issued on 8 January 1992 by the Government of Guyana.

Letter dated 28 January (S/23491) from the representative of Kuwait addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of a statement issued on 29 December 1991 by the Kuwaiti Council of Ministers.

Letter dated 28 January (S/23492) from the representative of Kuwait addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of a statement issued on 15 September 1991 by the Kuwaiti Council of Ministers.

Letter dated 28 February (S/23666) from the representative of Jamaica addressed to the Secretary-General.

Chapter 59

COMMUNICATION FROM THE LIBYAN ARAB JAMAHIRIYA

Letter dated 2 January 1992 (S/23350) from the representative of the Libyan Arab Jamahiriya addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of a letter (undated) from the Secretary of the People's Committee for Foreign Liaison and International Cooperation to the Secretary-General.

Chapter 60*

COMMUNICATIONS FROM BELGIUM, FRANCE AND THE UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND AND BULGARIA

Letter dated 9 January 1992 (S/23404) from the representative of Bulgaria addressed to the President of the Security Council, transmitting the text of a memorandum issued on 8 January 1992 by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Bulgaria on the recognition of the "Republic of Macedonia".

Letter dated 5 May (S/23880) from the representatives of Belgium, France and the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland addressed to the President of the Security Council, transmitting the text of a statement adopted on 2 May 1992 by the European Community and its member States.

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* See also chaps. 4, 9, 10, 13, 14, 20, 22, 25, 27 and 28 above and chap. 74 below.

Chapter 61

COMMUNICATIONS CONCERNING RECOGNITION OF BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA, CROATIA AND SLOVENIA

Letter dated 16 January 1992 (S/23432) from the representative of Canada addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of an announcement made on 15 January 1992 by the Prime Minister of Canada.

Letter dated 30 January (S/23567) from the representative of Paraguay addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of a communiqué issued on 27 January 1992 by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Paraguay.

Letter dated 17 March (S/23726) from the representative of Austria addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of a statement issued at Ljubljana on 23 January 1992 by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Slovenia.

Letter dated 7 April (S/23793) from the representatives of Belgium, France and the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of a statement on Yugoslavia adopted on 6 April 1992 by the European Community and its member States at their ministerial meeting held at Luxembourg.

Letter dated 14 April (S/23812) from the representatives of Belgium, France and the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland addressed to the President of the Security Council, transmitting the text of a statement on Bosnia and Herzegovina adopted at Lisbon and Brussels on 11 April 1992 by the European Community and its member States.

Letter dated 16 April (S/23817) from the representative of Bulgaria addressed to the President of the Security Council, transmitting the text of a declaration issued on 10 April 1992 by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Bulgaria.

Letter dated 22 April (S/23832) from the representative of Albania addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of a statement (undated) issued by the Government of Albania.

Letter dated 24 April (S/23843) from the representative of Algeria addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of a statement of the same date issued by the spokesman for the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Algeria.

Letter dated 28 April (S/23853) from the representative of Tunisia addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of a statement issued on 25 April 1992 by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Tunisia.

Letter dated 29 April (S/23858) from the representative of the Sudan addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of a statement issued on 20 April 1992 by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the Sudan.

Letter dated 5 May (S/23881) from the representative of the United Arab Emirates addressed to the Secretary-General, communicating the text of a declaration issued on 21 April 1992 by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the United Arab Emirates.

Letter dated 14 May (S/23940) from the representative of Pakistan addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of a statement issued on 11 May 1992 by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Pakistan.

Note verbale dated 19 May (S/23973) from the representative of Morocco addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of a statement issued on 27 April 1992 by the Minister of State for Foreign Affairs and Cooperation of Morocco.

Note verbale dated 28 May (S/24033) from the representative of Mexico addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of a communiqué issued on 25 May 1992 by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Mexico.

Chapter 62

COMMUNICATION FROM CHINA

Letter dated 24 January 1992 (S/23487) from the representative of China addressed to the Secretary-General, drawing his attention to the letter and its annexes addressed to the Secretary-General on 19 December 1991 by the representatives of Costa Rica, El Salvador, Guatemala, Honduras, Nicaragua and Panama (S/23310).

Chapter 63

COMMUNICATIONS CONCERNING MOZAMBIQUE

Letter dated 27 January 1992 (S/23490) from the representative of Mozambique addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of a communiqué issued on 23 January 1992 by the Government of Mozambique.

Note by the Secretary-General dated 12 June (S/24065), transmitting the report of the experts dispatched by the Secretary-General to investigate the allegation of the use of chemical weapons in Mozambique.

Chapter 64

COMMUNICATION FROM THE SOUTH ASIAN ASSOCIATION FOR REGIONAL COOPERATION

Letter dated 30 January 1992 (S/23512) from the representative of Sri Lanka addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of the Colombo Declaration, issued at the Sixth Meeting of the Heads of State or Government of the countries members of the South Asian Association for Regional Cooperation held at Colombo on 21 December 1991.

Chapter 65

COMMUNICATION FROM PANAMA

Note verbale dated 5 February 1992 (S/23520) from the Permanent Mission of Panama addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of a statement adopted in New York on 4 February 1992 by the Latin American and Caribbean Group at the United Nations.

Chapter 66

COMMUNICATION FROM THE SECRETARY-GENERAL TRANSMITTING A RESOLUTION ADOPTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY AT ITS FORTY-SIXTH SESSION

Note by the Secretary-General dated 10 February 1992 (S/23565), drawing attention to paragraphs 1, 3 and 4 of General Assembly resolution 46/59 of 9 December 1991.

Chapter 67

COMMUNICATION FROM THE SECRETARY-GENERAL OF THE ORGANIZATION OF AMERICAN STATES

Letter dated 14 February 1992 (S/23684) from the Secretary-General of the Organization of American States addressed to the Secretary-General of the United Nations, transmitting resolution CP/RES.576 (887/92) on support for the democratic Government of Venezuela, adopted by the Permanent Council of OAS at its special session held on 4 February 1992.

Chapter 68

COMMUNICATION CONCERNING THE INDIA-PAKISTAN QUESTION

Letter dated 17 February 1992 (S/23600 and Corr.1) from the representative of Pakistan addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting a letter dated 13 February 1992 from the Minister of State for Foreign Affairs of Pakistan to the Secretary-General.

Chapter 69

COMMUNICATIONS FROM THE GULF COOPERATION COUNCIL

Letter dated 4 March 1992 (S/23712) from the representative of Kuwait addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of a communiqué issued by the Ministerial Council of the Gulf Cooperation Council at its forty-second session, held at Riyadh on 1 and 2 March 1992 under the chairmanship of Kuwait.

Letter dated 4 June (S/24068) from the representative of Kuwait addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of a press communiqué issued by the Ministerial Council of the Gulf Cooperation Council at its forty-third session, held at Riyadh on 3 June 1992 under the chairmanship of Kuwait.

Chapter 70

COMMUNICATION FROM BANGLADESH

Letter dated 10 March 1992 (S/23710) from the representative of Bangladesh addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of a letter dated 13 February 1992 from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Bangladesh to the Secretary-General.

Chapter 71

COMMUNICATIONS CONCERNING THE REPUBLIC OF MOLDOVA

Letter dated 17 March 1992 (S/23727) from the representative of Ukraine addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of a statement issued on 16 March 1992 by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Ukraine.

Letter dated 26 March (S/23758) from the representative of Romania addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of a statement issued on 16 March 1992 by the Government of Romania.

Letter dated 28 May (S/24041) from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of the Republic of Moldova addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting a letter dated 23 May 1992 from the President of the Republic of Moldova to the Secretary-General and the texts of a letter dated 19 May 1992 from the President of the Republic of Moldova to heads of State and Government, a statement dated 20 May 1992 by the Presidium of the Parliament of the Republic of Moldova and two telegrams dated 20 and 22 May 1992 from the President of the Republic of Moldova to the President of the Russian Federation.

Chapter 72

COMMUNICATIONS FROM UKRAINE AND THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION

Letter dated 10 April 1992 (S/23804) from the representative of Ukraine addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting a letter dated 9 April 1992 from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Ukraine to the Secretary-General, concerning the developments around the Crimea and the Black Sea Fleet.

Letter dated 15 April (S/23814) from the representative of the Russian Federation addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting a letter (undated) from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of the Russian Federation to the Secretary-General, concerning the Black Sea Fleet.

Letter dated 25 May (S/24001) from the representative of Ukraine addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of a note dated 23 May 1992 from the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Ukraine to the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the Russian Federation in connection with the adoption by the Supreme Soviet of the Russian Federation on 21 May 1992 of the Enactment of the Legal Evaluation of the Decisions on the Crimea Status Change taken by the Supreme Bodies of State Power of the Russian Soviet Federative Socialist Republic in 1954.

Chapter 73

COMMUNICATION FROM IRAQ

Letter dated 4 May 1992 (S/23867) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the President of the Security Council, requesting an urgent meeting of the Security Council to consider the grave situation in Los Angeles and other places in the United States of America and the hazardous and deteriorating conditions of the civilian inhabitants of those places.

Chapter 74*

COMMUNICATIONS CONCERNING THE STATUS OF THE FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF YUGOSLAVIA (SERBIA AND MONTENEGRO)

Letter dated 27 April 1992 (S/23877) from the representative of Yugoslavia addressed to the President of the Security Council, transmitting the text of a declaration adopted on the same date at the joint session of the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia, the National Assembly of the Republic of Serbia and the Assembly of the Republic of Montenegro.

Letter dated 5 May (S/23876) from the representative of Austria addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of a statement (undated) issued by the Government of Austria.

Note by the President of the Security Council dated 5 May (S/23878), containing the text of a statement issued by him on behalf of the members of the Council after consultations held on the same date, indicating the Council's position with regard to the issuance of document S/23877.

Letter dated 5 May (S/23879) from the representative of the United States of America addressed to the President of the Security Council.

Letter dated 6 May (S/23883) from the representative of Canada addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 10 May (S/23902 and Corr.1) from the representative of Albania addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 27 May (S/24028) from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Slovenia addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 29 May (S/24034) from the representative of New Zealand addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of a statement issued on 28 May 1992 by the Minister of External Relations and Trade of New Zealand.

Letter dated 5 June (S/24073) from the representative of Yugoslavia addressed to the Secretary-General, and enclosure.

Note verbale dated 15 June (S/24105) from the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Slovenia addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of a statement issued on the same date by the Government of Slovenia.

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* See chaps. 4, 9, 10, 13, 14, 20, 22, 25, 27, 28 and 60 above.

Notes

1/ By a letter dated 24 December 1991, the Secretary-General requested the President of the Security Council to bring to the attention of the members of the Council the text of a letter of the same date from the Permanent Representative of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, transmitting to the Secretary-General a letter, also of the same date, from Mr. Boris Yeltsin, President of the Russian Federation, in which he informed the Secretary-General that the membership of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics in the United Nations, including the Security Council and all other organs and organizations of the United Nations system, was being continued by the Russian Federation with the support of the countries of the Commonwealth of Independent States. He requested that the name "Russian Federation" should be used in the United Nations in place of the name "Union of Soviet Socialist Republics" and stated that the Russian Federation maintained full responsibility for all the rights and obligations of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics under the Charter of the United Nations, including the financial obligations. He also requested the Secretary-General to consider that letter as confirmation of the credentials to represent the Russian Federation in the United Nations organs for all the persons currently holding the credentials of representatives of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics.

APPENDICES

I. Membership of the Security Council during the years 1991 and 1992

1991	1992
Austria	Austria
Belgium	Belgium
China	Cape Verde
Côte d'Ivoire	China
Cuba	Ecuador
Ecuador	France
France	Hungary
India	India
Romania	Japan
Union of Soviet Socialist Republics (later Russian Federation) a/	Morocco
United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland	Russian Federation a/
United States of America	United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland
Yemen	United States of America
Zaire	Venezuela
Zimbabwe	Zimbabwe

Notes

a/ By a letter dated 24 December 1991, the Secretary-General requested the President of the Security Council to bring to the attention of the members of the Council the text of a letter of the same date from the Permanent Representative of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, transmitting to the Secretary-General a letter, also of the same date, from Mr. Boris Yeltsin, President of the Russian Federation, in which he informed the Secretary-General that the membership of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics in the United Nations, including the Security Council and all other organs and organizations of the United Nations system, was being continued by the Russian Federation with the support of the countries of the Commonwealth of Independent States. He requested that the name "Russian Federation" should be used in the United Nations in place of the name "Union of Soviet Socialist Republics" and stated that the Russian Federation maintained full responsibility for all the rights and obligations of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics under the Charter of the United Nations, including the financial obligations. He also requested the Secretary-General to consider that letter as confirmation of the credentials to represent the Russian Federation in the United Nations organs for all the persons currently holding the credentials of representatives of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics.

II. Representatives and deputy, alternate and acting representatives accredited to the Security Council

The following representatives and deputy, alternate and acting representatives served on the Security Council during the period from 16 June 1991 to 15 June 1992:

Austria

Mr. Franz Vranitzky* (Federal Chancellor)
Mr. Alois Mock** (Federal Minister for Foreign Affairs)
Mr. Peter Hohenfellner
Mr. Thomas Hajnoczi
Mr. Helmut Freudenschuss

Belgium

Mr. Wilfried Martens* (Prime Minister)
Mr. Paul Noterdaeme
Mr. Frans van Daele
Mr. Alexis Brouhns
Mr. Alain Cools
Mr. Boudewijn Dereymaeker
Mrs. Jana Zikmundova
Mr. Raoul Delcorde

Cape Verde a/

Mr. Carlos Alberto Wahnon de Carvalho Veiga* (Prime Minister)
Mr. José Luis Jesus
Mr. José Eduardo Barbosa
Mr. José Armando Ferreira Duarte
Mr. Jorge María Custódio dos Santos
Mr. Carlos Alberto Monteiro Pereira

China

Mr. Li Peng* (Premier of the State Council)
Mr. Qian Qichen** (Minister for Foreign Affairs)
Mr. Li Daoyu
Mr. Jin Yongjian
Mr. Wang Guangya
Mr. Wan Zingzhang

Côte d'Ivoire b/

Mr. Jean-Jacques Bechio
Mr. Patrice Koffi Anoh
Mr. N'Zi Nanan Koliabo Anet
Mrs. Djénébou Kaba
Mr. Emmanuel Amon
Mr. Djabia Joachim Anvire
Mr. Kouassi Florent Ekra
Mr. Marc Georges Sery

Cuba b/

Mr. Isidoro Malmierca Peoli** (Minister for External Relations)
Mr. Ricardo Alarcón de Quesada
Mr. Carlos R. Zamora Rodriguez
Mr. Abelardo Moreno Fernandez
Mr. René J. Mujica Cantelar

Ecuador

Mr. Rodrigo Borja-Cevallos* (Constitutional President)
Mr. Diego Córdovez** (Minister for External Relations)
Mr. José Ayala Lasso
Mr. Abelardo Posso
Mr. Mauricio Montalvo
Mr. José Sandoval
Mr. José Valencia

France

Mr. François Mitterrand* (President)
Mr. Roland Dumas** (Minister of State and Minister for Foreign Affairs)
Mr. Jean-Bernard Mérimée
Mr. Jean-Marc Rochereau de la Sablière
Mr. Francis Delon
Mr. Jean Félix-Paganon

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* Head of State or Government, at the 3046th meeting, held on Friday, 31 January 1992.

** Foreign Minister, at the 3009th meeting, held on Wednesday, 25 September 1991.

Hungary a/

Mr. Géza Jeszenszky*
(Minister for Foreign Affairs and Personal Emissary of the Prime Minister of Hungary)
Mr. André Erdős
Mr. Ivan Bundai
Mr. Zoltán Szedlacskó
Mr. László Molnár

India

Mr. P. V. Narasimha Rao* (Prime Minister)
Mr. Madhavsingh Solanki** (Minister for External Affairs)
Mr. Chinmaya Rajaninath Gharekhan
Mr. T. Prabhakar Menon
Mr. Dinesh Kumar Jain
Mr. Sudhir Vyas

Japan a/

Mr. Kiichi Miyazawa* (Prime Minister)
Mr. Yoshio Hatano
Mr. Katsumi Sezaki
Mr. Takashi Kiya
Mr. Toshinori Shigeie

Morocco a/

His Majesty Hassan II*
(King of Morocco)
Mr. Ahmed Snoussi
Mr. Mohammed Nacer Benjelloun-Touimi
Mr. Abdelouahab Bellouki
Miss Raja Ghannam

Romania b/

Mr. Adrian Nastase** (Minister for Foreign Affairs)
Mr. Aurel Dragos Munteanu
Mr. Valeriu Florean
Mr. Ioan N. Voicu

Union of Soviet Socialist Republics
(later Russian Federation)

Mr. Boris N. Yeltsin* (President)
Mr. Boris A. Pankin**
(Minister for Foreign Affairs)
Mr. Yuliy M. Vorontsov
Mr. Valentin V. Lozinskiy
Mr. Vasiliy S. Sidorov
Mr. Dmitriy V. Bykov
Mr. Alexei B. Podtserob
Mr. Alexsandr N. Ilitchev

United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland

Mr. John Major* (Prime Minister)
Mr. Douglas Hurd** (Secretary of State for Foreign and Commonwealth Affairs)
Sir David Hannay
Mr. Thomas Richardson
Mr. Christopher O. Hum
Mr. Derek J. Plumbly
Mr. Andrew Fulton
Mr. Anthony I. Aust
Mr. Michael C. Wood
Mr. Ian C. Cliff
Mr. Robert Peirce
Dr. Jan Priest
Mr. Simon Harkin
Mr. Julian Evans
Mr. Tony Milson

United States of America

Mr. George Bush* (President)
Mr. James Baker III**
(Secretary of State)
Mr. Thomas R. Pickering
Mr. Edward J. Perkins
Mr. Alexander F. Watson
Mr. George E. Moose
Mr. Robert T. Grey, Jr.
Mr. Robert B. Rosenstock

Venezuela a/

Mr. Carlos Andrés Pérez* (President)
Mr. Diego Arria
Mr. Victor Rodríguez
Mr. Carlos Bivero
Miss María Eugenia Trujillo
Mr. Miguel Angel Manrique

Yemen b/

Mr. Abdalla Saleh Al-Ashtal
Mr. Muhamed Ahmed Muhamed Basalamah
Mr. Hussein Saeed Al-Alfi
Mr. Nabil Khaled Hassan Missary
Mr. Abdelelah Mohamed Al-Eryany
Ms. Noria Abdullah Ali Al-Hamani

Zaire b/

Mr. Bagbeni Adeito Nzengeya
Mr. Lukabu Khabouji N'zaji
Mr. Kibidi Ngovuka

Zimbabwe

Mr. Nathan Shamuyarira* **
(Minister for Foreign Affairs and Personal Emissary of the President of Zimbabwe)
Mr. Simbarashe Simbanenduku Mumbengegwi
Mr. Stanislaus Garikai Chigwedere
Mr. Ngoni Francis Sengwe
Mr. Cleophas Johannes Tsokodayi
Mr. Danisa P. Mhlanga
Mr. Raisedon Zenenga
Mr. Kesiwe Ndlovu Malindi
Mr. Godfrey Musafare Dzvairo
Mr. Ronald T. Chavunduka
Mr. Pearson Tapuwa Chigiji
Mr. Winston T. Msengezi
Mrs. Catherine Piloto

Notes

a/ Term of office began on 1 January 1992.

b/ Term of office ended on 31 December 1991.

III. Presidents of the Security Council

The following representatives served as President of the Security Council during the period from 16 June 1991 to 15 June 1992.

Côte d'Ivoire

Mr. Jean-Jacques Bechio (16-30 June 1991)

Cuba

Mr. Ricardo Alarcón de Quesada (1-31 July 1991)

Ecuador

Mr. José Ayala Lasso (1-31 August 1991)

France

Mr. Jean-Bernard Mérimée (1-30 September 1991)
Mr. Roland Dumas (25 September 1991)

India

Mr. Chinmaya Rajaninath Gharekhan (1-31 October 1991)

Romania

Mr. Aurel Dragos Munteanu (1-30 November 1991)

Union of Soviet Socialist Republics/Russian Federation

Mr. Yuliy M. Vorontsov (1-31 December 1991)

United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland

Sir David Hannay (1-30 January 1992)
Mr. John Major (31 January 1992)

United States of America

Mr. Thomas R. Pickering (1-29 February 1992)

Venezuela

Mr. Diego Arria (1-31 March 1992)

Zimbabwe

Mr. Simbarashe Simbanenduku Mumbengegwi (1-23 April 1992)
Mr. Stanislaus Garikai Chigwedere (24-30 April 1992)

Austria

Mr. Peter Hohenfellner (1-31 May 1992)

Belgium

Mr. Paul Noterdaeme (1-15 June 1992)

IV. Meetings of the Security Council held during the period from 16 June 1991 to 15 June 1992

Meeting	Subject	Date
2994th	The situation between Iraq and Kuwait Plan for the implementation of relevant parts of section C of Security Council resolution 687 (1991): report of the Secretary-General (S/22614) Note by the Secretary-General (S/22615) Report of the Secretary-General pursuant to paragraph 26 of Security Council resolution 687 (1991) (S/22660)	17 June 1991
2995th	The situation between Iraq and Kuwait Letter dated 26 June 1991 from the Secretary-General addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/22739)	26 June 1991
2996th	The situation between Iraq and Kuwait Letter dated 26 June 1991 from the Secretary-General addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/22739) Letter dated 28 June 1991 from the Secretary-General addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/22743)	28 June 1991
2997th	The situation in the Middle East Report of the Secretary-General on the United Nations Interim Force in Lebanon (S/22829)	31 July 1991
2998th	Admission of new Members Letter dated 2 July 1991 from the Vice-Premier of the Administration Council and Minister for Foreign Affairs of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea addressed to the Secretary-General (S/22777) Letter dated 19 July 1991 from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of the Republic of Korea addressed to the Secretary-General (S/22778)	6 August 1991
2999th	Admission of new Members Letter dated 17 July 1991 from the President of the Federated States of Micronesia addressed to the Secretary-General (S/22864 and Corr.1)	6 August 1991

Meeting	Subject	Date
3000th	Admission of new Members	6 August 1991
	Letter dated 25 July 1991 from the President of the Republic of the Marshall Islands addressed to the Secretary-General (S/22865 and Corr.1)	
3001st	Admission of new Members	8 August 1991
	Report of the Committee on the Admission of New Members concerning the applications of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the Republic of Korea for admission to membership in the United Nations (S/22895)	
3002nd	Admission of new Members	9 August 1991
	Report of the Committee on the Admission of New Members concerning the application of the Federated States of Micronesia for admission to membership in the United Nations (S/22896)	
3003rd	Admission of new Members	9 August 1991
	Report of the Committee on the Admission of New Members concerning the application of the Republic of the Marshall Islands for admission to membership in the United Nations (S/22897)	
3004th	The situation between Iraq and Kuwait	15 August 1991
3005th	Date of an election to fill a vacancy in the International Court of Justice (S/22959)	28 August 1991
3006th	Admission of new Members	10 September 1991
	Letter dated 30 August 1991 from the Chairman of the Supreme Council of the Republic of Estonia addressed to the Secretary-General (S/23002)	
	Letter dated 30 August 1991 from the Vice-Chairman of the Supreme Council of the Republic of Latvia addressed to the Secretary-General (S/23003)	
	Letter dated 29 August 1991 from the President of the Supreme Council of the Republic of Lithuania addressed to the Secretary-General (S/23004)	
3007th	Admission of new Members	12 September 1991
	Report of the Committee on the Admission of New Members concerning the applications of the Republic of Estonia, the Republic of Latvia and the Republic of Lithuania (S/23021)	

Meeting	Subject	Date
3008th	The situation between Iraq and Kuwait	19 September 1991
	Report by the Secretary-General pursuant to paragraph 5 of Security Council resolution 706 (1991) (S/23006 and Corr.2)	
3009th	Letter dated 19 September 1991 from the Permanent Representative of Austria to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/23052)	25 September 1991
	Letter dated 19 September 1991 from the Permanent Representative of Canada to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/23053)	
	Letter dated 20 September 1991 from the Permanent Representative of Hungary to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/23057)	
	Letter dated 24 September 1991 from the Permanent Representative of Yugoslavia to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/23069)	
3010th	Central America: efforts towards peace	30 September 1991
3011th	Letter dated 30 September 1991 from the Permanent Representative of Haiti to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/23098)	3 October 1991
3012th	The situation between Iraq and Kuwait	11 October 1991
	Report of the Secretary-General (S/22871/Rev.1)	
	Note by the Secretary-General (S/22872/Rev.1 and Corr.1)	
3013th	The situation in Cyprus	11 October 1991
	Report of the Secretary-General on his mission of good offices in Cyprus (S/23121)	
3014th	The situation in Cambodia	16 October 1991
	Report of the Secretary-General (S/23097 and Add.1)	
3015th	The situation in Cambodia	31 October 1991
	Letter dated 30 October 1991 from the representatives of France and Indonesia to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General (S/23177)	

Meeting	Subject	Date
	Note by the Secretary-General on Cambodia (S/23179)	
3016th	Central America: efforts towards peace	6 November 1991
	Report of the Secretary-General (S/23171)	
3017th (closed)	Recommendation regarding the appointment of the Secretary-General of the United Nations	21 November 1991
3018th	Letter dated 24 November 1991 from the Secretary-General addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/23239)	27 November 1991
	Letter dated 21 November 1991 from the Permanent Representative of Germany to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/23232)	
	Letter dated 26 November 1991 from the Permanent Representative of France to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/23247)	
3019th	The situation in the Middle East	29 November 1991
	Report of the Secretary-General on the United Nations Disengagement Observer Force (S/23233 and Corr.1)	
3020th (closed)	Consideration of the draft report of the Security Council to the General Assembly	29 November 1991
3021st	Election of a member of the International Court of Justice (S/23227, S/23243 and S/23244)	5 December 1991
3022nd	The situation in Cyprus	12 December 1991
	Report of the Secretary-General on the United Nations operation in Cyprus (S/23263 and Add.1)	
3023rd	Report of the Secretary-General pursuant to Security Council resolution 721 (1991) (S/23280)	15 December 1991
3024th	The situation in Cyprus	23 December 1991
	Report of the Secretary-General on his mission of good offices in Cyprus (S/23300)	
3025th	The situation concerning Western Sahara	31 December 1991
	Report of the Secretary-General (S/23299)	
3026th	The situation in the occupied Arab territories	6 January 1992
3027th	Oral report of the Secretary-General pursuant to his report of 5 January 1992 (S/23363)	7 January 1992

Meeting	Subject	Date
3028th	Further report of the Secretary-General pursuant to Security Council resolution 721 (1991) (S/23363 and Add.1)	8 January 1992
3029th	The situation in Cambodia Report of the Secretary-General on Cambodia (S/23331 and Add.1)	8 January 1992
3030th	Central America: efforts towards peace Report of the Secretary-General (S/23402 and Add.1)	14 January 1992
3031st	Central America: efforts towards peace Report of the Secretary-General (S/23421)	16 January 1992
3032nd	Admission of new Members Letter dated 31 December 1991 from the President of the Republic of Kazakhstan addressed to the Secretary-General (S/23353)	16 January 1992
3033rd	Letters dated 20 and 23 December 1991 (S/23306, S/23307, S/23308, S/23309, S/23317)	21 January 1992
3034th	Admission of new Members Report of the Committee on the Admission of New Members concerning the application of the Republic of Kazakhstan for admission to membership in the United Nations (S/23456)	23 January 1992
3035th	Admission of new Members Letter dated 31 December 1991 from the President of the Republic of Armenia addressed to the Secretary-General (S/23405)	23 January 1992
3036th	Admission of new Members Letter dated 6 January 1992 from the President of the Republic of Kyrgyzstan addressed to the Secretary-General (S/23450)	23 January 1992
3037th	Admission of new Members Letter dated 6 January 1992 from the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan addressed to the Secretary-General (S/23451)	23 January 1992
3038th	Admission of new Members Letter dated 16 January 1992 from the President of the Republic of Tajikistan addressed to the Secretary-General (S/23455)	23 January 1992

Meeting	Subject	Date
3039th	Letter dated 20 January 1992 from the Chargé d'affaires a.i. of the Permanent Mission of Somalia to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/23445)	23 January 1992
3040th	The situation in the Middle East Report of the Secretary-General on the United Nations Interim Force in Lebanon (S/23452)	29 January 1992
3041st	Admission of new Members Report of the Committee on the Admission of New Members concerning the application of the Republic of Armenia for admission to membership in the United Nations (S/23475)	29 January 1992
3042nd	Admission of new Members Report of the Committee on the Admission of New Members concerning the application of the Republic of Kyrgyzstan for admission to membership in the United Nations (S/23476)	29 January 1992
3043rd	Admission of new Members Report of the Committee on the Admission of New Members concerning the application of the Republic of Uzbekistan for admission to membership in the United Nations (S/23477)	29 January 1992
3044th	Admission of new Members Report of the Committee on the Admission of New Members concerning the application of the Republic of Tajikistan for admission to membership in the United Nations (S/23478)	29 January 1992
3045th	Admission of new Members Letter dated 17 January 1992 from the President of the Republic of Moldova addressed to the Secretary-General (S/23468)	29 January 1992
3046th	The responsibility of the Security Council in the maintenance of international peace and security	31 January 1992
3047th	Admission of new Members Report of the Committee on the Admission of New Members concerning the application of the Republic of Moldova for admission to the membership of the United Nations (S/23511)	5 February 1992

Meeting	Subject	Date
3048th	Admission of new Members	5 February 1992
	Letter dated 20 January 1992 from the President of Turkmenistan addressed to the Secretary-General (S/23489 and Corr.1)	
3049th	Further report of the Secretary-General pursuant to Security Council resolution 721 (1991) (S/23513)	7 February 1992
3050th	Admission of new Members	7 February 1992
	Report of the Committee on the Admission of New Members concerning the application of Turkmenistan for admission to membership in the United Nations (S/23523)	
3051st	Admission of new Members	11 February 1992
	Letter dated 14 January 1992 from the President of the Republic of Azerbaijan addressed to the Secretary-General (S/23558)	
3052nd	Admission of new Members	14 February 1992
	Report of the Committee on the Admission of New Members concerning the application of the Republic of Azerbaijan for admission to membership in the United Nations (S/23569)	
3053rd	The situation in the Middle East	19 February 1992
	Letter dated 17 February 1992 from the Permanent Representative of Lebanon to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/23604)	
3054th	Admission of new Members	21 February 1992
	Letter dated 19 February 1992 from the Secretary of State for Foreign and Political Affairs of the Republic of San Marino addressed to the Secretary-General (S/23619)	
3055th	Further report of the Secretary-General pursuant to Security Council resolution 721 (1991) (S/23592 and Add.1)	21 February 1992
3056th	Admission of new Members	25 February 1992
	Report of the Committee on the Admission of New Members concerning the application of the Republic of San Marino for admission to membership in the United Nations (S/23634)	

Meeting	Subject	Date
3057th	The situation in Cambodia Report of the Secretary-General on Cambodia (S/23613 and Add.1)	28 February 1992
3058th	The situation between Iraq and Kuwait Note by the Secretary-General (S/23643)	28 February 1992
3059th	(a) The situation between Iraq and Kuwait (b) Letter dated 2 April 1991 from the Permanent Representative of Turkey to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/22435) Letter dated 4 April 1991 from the Chargé d'affaires a.i. of the Permanent Mission of France to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/22442) Letter dated 5 March 1992 from the Chargé d'affaires a.i. of the Permanent Mission of Belgium to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/23685)	11 and 12 March 1992
3060th	The situation in Somalia (a) Letter dated 20 January 1992 from the Chargé d'affaires a.i. of the Permanent Mission of Somalia to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/23445) (b) Report of the Secretary-General (S/23693 and Corr.1)	17 March 1992
3061st	The situation between Iraq and Kuwait	19 March 1992
3062nd	Further report of the Secretary-General on the United Nations Angola Verification Mission (S/23671 and Add.1)	24 March 1992
3063rd	(a) Letters dated 20 and 23 December 1991 (S/23306, S/23307, S/23308, S/23309, S/23317) (b) Report of the Secretary-General pursuant to paragraph 4 of Security Council resolution 731 (1992) (S/23574) (c) Further report of the Secretary-General pursuant to paragraph 4 of Security Council resolution 731 (1992) (S/23672)	31 March 1992

Meeting	Subject	Date
3064th	Letter dated 2 April 1992 from the Permanent Representative of Venezuela to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/23771)	2 April 1992
3065th	The situation in the occupied Arab territories	4 April 1992
3066th	Report of the Secretary-General pursuant to Security Council resolution 743 (1992) (S/23777)	7 April 1992
3067th	The situation in Cyprus	10 April 1992
	Report of the Secretary-General on his mission of good offices in Cyprus (S/23780)	
3068th	Report of the Secretary-General pursuant to Security Council resolution 743 (1992) (S/23777)	10 April 1992
3069th	The situation in Somalia	24 April 1992
	Report of the Secretary-General (S/23829 and Add.1 and 2)	
3070th	Letter dated 23 April 1992 from the Chargé d'affaires a.i. of the Permanent Mission of Austria to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/23833)	24 April 1992
	Letter dated 24 April 1992 from the Permanent Representative of France to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/23838)	
3071st	The situation in Liberia	7 May 1992
3072nd	The situation relating to Nagorny Karabakh	12 May 1992
	Letter dated 9 May 1992 from the Permanent Representative of Azerbaijan to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/23894)	
	Letter dated 11 May 1992 from the Permanent Representative of Armenia to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/23896)	
3073rd	Admission of new Members	14 May 1992
	Letter dated 11 February 1992 from the President of the Republic of Croatia addressed to the Secretary-General (S/23884)	

Meeting	Subject	Date
3074th	Admission of new Members	14 May 1992
	Letter dated 5 May 1992 from the President of the Republic of Slovenia addressed to the Secretary-General (S/23885)	
3075th	Further report of the Secretary-General pursuant to Security Council resolution 749 (1992) (S/23900)	15 May 1992
3076th	Admission of new Members	18 May 1992
	Report of the Committee on the Admission of New Members concerning the application of the Republic of Croatia for admission to membership in the United Nations (S/23935)	
3077th	Admission of new Members	18 May 1992
	Report of the Committee on the Admission of New Members concerning the application of the Republic of Slovenia for admission to membership in the United Nations (S/23936)	
3078th	Admission of new Members	20 May 1992
	Letter dated 8 May 1992 from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of the Republic of Bosnia and Herzegovina addressed to the Secretary-General (S/23971)	
3079th	Admission of new Members	20 May 1992
	Report of the Committee on the Admission of New Members concerning the application of the Republic of Bosnia and Herzegovina for admission to membership in the United Nations (S/23974)	
3080th	Letter dated 27 April 1992 from the Permanent Representative of Cuba to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/23850)	21 May 1992
3081st	The situation in the Middle East	29 May 1992
	Report of the Secretary-General on the United Nations Disengagement Observer Force (S/23955)	
3082nd	Report of the Secretary-General pursuant to Security Council resolution 752 (1992) (S/24000)	30 May 1992
	Letter dated 26 May 1992 from the Permanent Representative of Canada to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/23997)	

Meeting	Subject	Date
	Letter dated 27 May 1992 from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Bosnia and Herzegovina addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/24024)	
3083rd	Report of the Secretary-General pursuant to Security Council resolution 757 (1992) (S/24075 and Add.1)	8 June 1992
3084th	The situation in Cyprus	12 June 1992
	Report of the Secretary-General on the United Nations operation in Cyprus (S/24050 and Add.1)	
3085th	The situation in Cambodia	12 June 1992
	Special report of the Secretary-General on the United Nations Transitional Authority in Cambodia (S/24090)	

V. Resolutions adopted by the Security Council during the period from 16 June 1991 to 15 June 1992

Resolution No.	Date of adoption	Subject
699 (1991)	17 June 1991	The situation between Iraq and Kuwait
700 (1991)	17 June 1991	The situation between Iraq and Kuwait
701 (1991)	31 July 1991	The situation in the Middle East
702 (1991)	8 August 1991	Admission of new Members (Democratic People's Republic of Korea and Republic of Korea)
703 (1991)	9 August 1991	Admission of new Members (Micronesia)
704 (1991)	9 August 1991	Admission of new Members (Marshall Islands)
705 (1991)	15 August 1991	The situation between Iraq and Kuwait
706 (1991)	15 August 1991	The situation between Iraq and Kuwait
707 (1991)	15 August 1991	The situation between Iraq and Kuwait
708 (1991)	28 August 1991	Date of an election to fill a vacancy in the International Court of Justice
709 (1991)	12 September 1991	Admission of new Members (Estonia)
710 (1991)	12 September 1991	Admission of new Members (Latvia)
711 (1991)	12 September 1991	Admission of new Members (Lithuania)
712 (1991)	19 September 1991	The situation between Iraq and Kuwait
713 (1991)	25 September 1991	Letter dated 19 September 1991 from the Permanent Representative of Austria to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council Letter dated 19 September 1991 from the Permanent Representative of Canada to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council Letter dated 20 September 1991 from the Permanent Representative of Hungary to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council Letter dated 24 September 1991 from the Permanent Representative of Yugoslavia to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

Resolution No.	Date of adoption	Subject
714 (1991)	30 September 1991	Central America: efforts towards peace
715 (1991)	11 October 1991	The situation between Iraq and Kuwait
716 (1991)	11 October 1991	The situation in Cyprus
717 (1991)	16 October 1991	The situation in Cambodia
718 (1991)	31 October 1991	The situation in Cambodia
719 (1991)	6 November 1991	Central America: efforts towards peace
720 (1991)	21 November 1991	Recommendation regarding the appointment of the Secretary-General of the United Nations
721 (1991)	27 November 1991	Letter dated 24 November 1991 from the Secretary-General addressed to the President of the Security Council Letter dated 21 November 1991 from the Permanent Representative of Germany to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council Letter dated 26 November 1991 from the Permanent Representative of France to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council
722 (1991)	29 November 1991	The situation in the Middle East
723 (1991)	12 December 1991	The situation in Cyprus
724 (1991)	15 December 1991	Report of the Secretary-General pursuant to Security Council resolution 721 (1991)
725 (1991)	31 December 1991	The situation concerning Western Sahara
726 (1992)	6 January 1992	The situation in the occupied Arab territories
727 (1992)	8 January 1992	Further report of the Secretary-General pursuant to Security Council resolution 721 (1991)
728 (1992)	8 January 1992	The situation in Cambodia
729 (1992)	14 January 1992	Central America: efforts towards peace
730 (1992)	16 January 1992	Central America: efforts towards peace
731 (1992)	21 January 1992	Letters dated 20 and 23 December 1991
732 (1992)	23 January 1992	Admission of new Members (Kazakstan)

Resolution No.	Date of adoption	Subject
733 (1992)	23 January 1992	Letter dated 20 January 1992 from the Chargé d'affaires a.i. of the Permanent Mission of Somalia to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council
734 (1992)	29 January 1992	The situation in the Middle East
735 (1992)	29 January 1992	Admission of new Members (Armenia)
736 (1992)	29 January 1992	Admission of new Members (Kyrgyzstan)
737 (1992)	29 January 1992	Admission of new Members (Uzbekistan)
738 (1992)	29 January 1992	Admission of new Members (Tajikistan)
739 (1992)	5 February 1992	Admission of new Members (Republic of Moldova)
740 (1992)	7 February 1992	Further report of the Secretary-General pursuant to Security Council resolution 721 (1991)
741 (1992)	7 February 1992	Admission of new Members (Turkmenistan)
742 (1992)	14 February 1992	Admission of new Members (Azerbaijan)
743 (1992)	21 February 1992	Further report of the Secretary-General pursuant to Security Council resolution 721 (1991)
744 (1992)	25 February 1992	Admission of new Members (San Marino)
745 (1992)	28 February 1992	The situation in Cambodia
746 (1992)	17 March 1992	The situation in Somalia
747 (1992)	24 March 1992	Further report of the Secretary-General on the United Nations Angola Verification Mission
748 (1992)	31 March 1992	(a) Letters dated 20 and 23 December 1991 (b) Report of the Secretary-General pursuant to paragraph 4 of Security Council resolution 731 (1992) (c) Further report of the Secretary-General pursuant to paragraph 4 of Security Council resolution 731 (1992)
749 (1992)	7 April 1992	Report of the Secretary-General pursuant to Security Council resolution 743 (1992)

Resolution No.	Date of adoption	Subject
750 (1992)	10 April 1992	The situation in Cyprus
751 (1992)	24 April 1992	The situation in Somalia
752 (1992)	15 May 1992	Further report of the Secretary-General pursuant to Security Council resolution 749 (1992)
753 (1992)	18 May 1992	Admission of new Members (Croatia)
754 (1992)	18 May 1992	Admission of new Members (Slovenia)
755 (1992)	20 May 1992	Admission of new Members (Bosnia and Herzegovina)
756 (1992)	29 May 1992	The situation in the Middle East
757 (1992)	30 May 1992	Report of the Secretary-General pursuant to Security Council resolution 752 (1992) Letter dated 26 May 1992 from the Permanent Representative of Canada to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council Letter dated 27 May 1992 from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Bosnia and Herzegovina addressed to the President of the Security Council
758 (1992)	8 June 1992	Report of the Secretary-General pursuant to Security Council resolution 757 (1992)
759 (1992)	12 June 1992	The situation in Cyprus

VI. Meetings of subsidiary bodies of the Security Council during the period from 16 June 1991 to 15 June 1992

1. Committee on the Admission of New Members

Meeting	Date	Consideration of application by
74th	6 August 1991	Democratic People's Republic of Korea and Republic of Korea
75th	6 August 1991	Federated States of Micronesia
76th	6 August 1991	Marshall Islands
77th	10 September 1991	Republic of Estonia, Republic of Latvia and Republic of Lithuania
78th	21 January 1991	Kazakstan
79th	24 January 1991	Armenia
80th	24 January 1992	Kyrgyzstan
81st	24 January 1992	Uzbekistan
82nd	24 January 1992	Tajikistan
83rd	4 February 1992	Republic of Moldova
84th	6 February 1992	Turkmenistan
85th	11 February 1992	Azerbaijan
86th	24 February 1992	San Marino
87th	15 May 1992	Croatia
88th	15 May 1992	Slovenia
89th	20 May 1992	Bosnia and Herzegovina

2. Security Council Committee established by resolution 421 (1977) concerning the question of South Africa

Meeting	Date
102nd	17 July 1991
103rd	6 January 1992
104th	24 February 1992

3. Security Council Committee established by resolution 661 (1990) concerning the situation between Iraq and Kuwait

43rd	20 June 1991
44th	11 July 1991
45th	22 July 1991
46th	24 July 1991
47th	14 August 1991
48th	13 September 1991
49th	19 September 1991
50th	14 October 1991

Meeting	Date
51st	15 October 1991
52nd	18 October 1991
53rd	29 October 1991
54th	5 November 1991
55th	12 November 1991
56th	18 November 1991
57th	26 November 1991
58th	12 December 1991
59th	20 December 1991
60th	6 January 1992
61st	9 January 1992
62nd	27 January 1992
63rd	6 February 1992
64th	20 February 1992
65th	27 February 1992
66th	6 March 1992
67th	26 March 1992
68th	3 April 1992
69th	16 April 1992
70th	11 May 1992
71st	1 June 1992

4. United Nations Iraq-Kuwait Boundary Demarcation Commission*

Second session

3rd	2 July 1991
4th	3 July 1991
5th	4 July 1991
6th	4 July 1991
7th	5 July 1991
8th	8 July 1991
9th	9 July 1991
10th	9 July 1991
11th	10 July 1991
12th	10 July 1991

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* The first session (1st and 2nd meetings) was held on 23 and 24 May 1991.

Meeting	Date
13th	11 July 1991
14th	11 July 1991
15th	12 July 1991
6th	12 July 1991

Third session

17th	12 August 1991
18th	13 August 1991
19th	13 August 1991
20th	14 August 1991
21st	15 August 1991
22nd	15 August 1991
23rd	16 August 1991

Fourth session

24th	7 October 1991
25th	8 October 1991
26th	9 October 1991
27th	11 October 1991
28th	15 October 1991

Fifth session

29th	8 April 1992
30th	9 April 1992
31st	9 April 1992
32nd	10 April 1992
33rd	10 April 1992
34th	13 April 1992
35th	14 April 1992
36th	14 April 1992
37th	15 April 1992
38th	16 April 1992
39th	16 April 1992

5. Governing Council of the United Nations Compensation Commission

1st	23 July 1991
2nd	23 July 1991
3rd	24 July 1991
4th	25 July 1991

Meeting	Date
5th	25 July 1991
6th	26 July 1991
7th	30 July 1991
8th	31 July 1991
9th	1 August 1991
10th	2 August 1991
11th	2 August 1991
12th	14 October 1991
13th	16 October 1991
14th	18 October 1991
15th	18 October 1991
16th	25 November 1991
17th	25 November 1991
18th	28 November 1991
19th	29 November 1991
20th	20 January 1992
21st	20 January 1992
22nd	24 January 1992
23rd	6 March 1992
24th	16 March 1992
25th	20 March 1992

6. United Nations Special Commission established pursuant to paragraph 9 (b) (i) of Security Council resolution 687 (1991)*

Plenary session	Dates
2nd	21-23 October 1991
3rd	4-6 May 1992

7. Security Council Committee established pursuant to resolution 724 (1991) concerning Yugoslavia

Meeting	Date
1st	20 December 1991
2nd	6 January 1992
3rd	22 January 1992
4th	4 February 1992

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* The first plenary session was held from 6 to 10 May 1991.

Meeting	Date
5th	13 February 1992
6th	5 March 1992
7th	24 March 1992
8th	9 April 1992
9th	3 June 1992
10th	10 June 1992
11th	12 June 1992

8. Security Council Committee established pursuant to resolution 748 (1992) concerning the Libyan Arab Jamahiriya

1st	15 April 1992
2nd	16 April 1992
3rd	30 April 1992
4th	13 May 1992
5th	26 May 1992
6th	11 June 1992

9. Security Council Committee established pursuant to resolution 751 (1992) concerning Somalia

1st	29 April 1992
2nd	8 May 1992

VII. List of matters of which the Security Council is seized

The complete list of items of which the Security Council is seized, issued pursuant to rule 11 of the provisional rules of procedure of the Council, is published at the beginning of each calendar year. The list issued on 28 January 1991 was contained in document S/22110 and that issued on 9 January 1992 was contained in document S/23370.

A. As at 15 June 1992, the list of matters of which the Security Council is seized is as follows:

1. Special agreements under Article 43 of the Charter and the organization of the armed forces to be made available to the Security Council

2. Rules of procedure of the Security Council

3. Statute and rules of procedure of the Military Staff Committee

4. The general regulation and reduction of armaments and information on the armed forces of the United Nations

5. The Egyptian question

6. Voting procedure in the Security Council

7. Reports on the strategic Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands pursuant to the resolution of the Security Council of 7 March 1949

8. Admission of new Members

9. The Palestine question

10. The India-Pakistan question

11. The Czechoslovak question

12. The Hyderabad question

13. Identical notifications dated 29 September 1948 from the Governments of the French Republic, the United Kingdom and the United States of America to the Secretary-General

14. International control of atomic energy

15. Complaint of armed invasion of Taiwan (Formosa)

16. Complaint of bombing by air forces of the territory of China

17. Question of an appeal to States to accede to and ratify the Geneva Protocol of 1925 for the prohibition of the use of bacterial weapons

18. Question of a request for investigation of alleged bacterial warfare

19. Letter dated 29 May 1954 from the acting representative of Thailand to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

20. Cablegram dated 19 June 1954 from the Minister of External Relations of Guatemala addressed to the President of the Security Council

21. Letter dated 8 September 1954 from the representative of the United States of America addressed to the President of the Security Council

22. Letter dated 28 January 1955 from the representative of New Zealand addressed to the President of the Security Council concerning the question of hostilities in the area of certain islands off the coast of the mainland of China; letter dated 30 January 1955 from the representative of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics addressed to the President of the Security Council concerning the question of acts of aggression by the United States of America against the People's Republic of China in the area of Taiwan and other islands of China

23. Situation created by the unilateral action of the Egyptian Government in bringing to an end the system of international operation of the Suez Canal which was confirmed and completed by the Suez Canal Convention of 1888

24. Actions against Egypt by some Powers, particularly France and the United Kingdom, which constitute a danger to international peace and security and are serious violations of the Charter of the United Nations

25. The situation in Hungary

26. Military assistance rendered by the Egyptian Government to the rebels in Algeria

27. Letter dated 30 October 1956 from the representative of Egypt addressed to the President of the Security Council

28. Letter dated 20 February 1958 from the representative of the Sudan addressed to the Secretary-General

29. Complaint of the representative of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics in a letter to the President of the Security Council dated 18 April 1958 entitled: "Urgent measures to put an end to flights by United States military aircraft with atomic and hydrogen bombs in the direction of the frontiers of the Soviet Union"

30. Report by the Secretary-General on the letter received from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of the Royal Government of Laos, transmitted by a note from the Permanent Mission of Laos to the United Nations, 4 September 1959

31. Letter dated 25 March 1960 from the representatives of Afghanistan, Burma, Cambodia, Ceylon, Ethiopia, the Federation of Malaya, Ghana, Guinea, India, Indonesia, Iran, Iraq, Japan, Jordan, Laos, Lebanon, Liberia, Libya, Morocco, Nepal, Pakistan, the Philippines, Saudi Arabia, the Sudan, Thailand, Tunisia, Turkey, the United Arab Republic and Yemen addressed to the President of the Security Council

32. Cable dated 18 May 1960 from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics addressed to the President of the Security Council

33. Letter dated 23 May 1960 from the representatives of Argentina, Ceylon, Ecuador and Tunisia addressed to the President of the Security Council

34. Letter dated 13 July 1960 from the Secretary-General of the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

35. Letter dated 11 July 1960 from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Cuba addressed to the President of the Security Council

36. Letter dated 31 December 1960 addressed to the President of the Security Council by the Minister for External Affairs of Cuba

37. Letter dated 26 May 1961 addressed to the President of the Security Council by the representatives of Afghanistan, Burma, Cambodia, Cameroon, the Central African Republic, Ceylon, Chad, the Congo (Brazzaville), the Congo (Leopoldville), Cyprus, Dahomey, Ethiopia, the Federation of Malaya, Gabon, Ghana, Guinea, India, Indonesia, Iran, Iraq, the Ivory Coast, Japan, Jordan, Laos, Lebanon, Liberia, Libya, Madagascar, Mali, Morocco, Nepal, Nigeria, Pakistan, the Philippines, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Somalia, the Sudan, Togo, Tunisia, the United Arab Republic, the Upper Volta, Yemen and Yugoslavia

38. Complaint by Kuwait in respect of the situation arising from the threat by Iraq to the territorial independence of Kuwait, which is likely to endanger the maintenance of international peace and security. Complaint by the Government of the Republic of Iraq in respect of the situation arising out of the armed threat by the United Kingdom to the independence and security of Iraq, which is likely to endanger the maintenance of international peace and security

39. Letter dated 21 November 1961 from the Permanent Representative of Cuba addressed to the President of the Security Council

40. Letter dated 22 October 1962 from the Permanent Representative of the United States of America addressed to the President of the Security Council; letter dated 22 October 1962 from the Permanent Representative of Cuba addressed to the President of the Security Council; letter dated 23 October 1962 from the Deputy Permanent Representative of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics addressed to the President of the Security Council

41. Telegram dated 5 May 1963 from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of the Republic of Haiti to the President of the Security Council

42. Reports of the Secretary-General to the Security Council concerning developments relating to Yemen

43. Question concerning the situation in Territories under Portuguese administration

44. The question of race conflict in South Africa resulting from the policies of apartheid of the Government of the Republic of South Africa

45. Letter dated 10 January 1964 from the Permanent Representative of Panama addressed to the President of the Security Council

46. Letter dated 1 April 1964 from the Deputy Permanent Representative of Yemen, Chargé d'affaires a.i., addressed to the President of the Security Council

47. Complaint concerning acts of aggression against the territory and civilian population of Cambodia

48. Letter dated 4 August 1964 from the Permanent Representative of the United States of America addressed to the President of the Security Council

49. Letter dated 5 September 1964 from the Permanent Representative of Greece addressed to the President of the Security Council and letter dated 8 September 1964 from the Permanent Representative of Greece addressed to the President of the Security Council

50. Letter dated 6 September 1964 from the Permanent Representative of Turkey addressed to the President of the Security Council

51. Letter dated 1 December 1964 addressed to the President of the Security Council from the representatives of Afghanistan, Algeria, Burundi, Cambodia, the Central African Republic, the Congo (Brazzaville), Dahomey, Ethiopia, Ghana, Guinea, Indonesia, Kenya, Malawi, Mali, Mauritania, Somalia, the Sudan, Tanzania, Uganda, the United Arab Republic, Yugoslavia and Zambia

52. Letter dated 9 December 1964 from the Permanent Representative of the Democratic Republic of the Congo addressed to the President of the Security Council

53. Letter dated 1 May 1965 from the Permanent Representative of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics addressed to the President of the Security Council

54. Letter dated 31 January 1966 from the Permanent Representative of the United States of America addressed to the President of the Security Council

55. Letter dated 2 August 1966 from the Deputy Permanent Representative of the United Kingdom addressed to the President of the Security Council

56. The situation in the Middle East

57. The situation in Namibia

58. Letter dated 25 January 1968 from the Permanent Representative of the United States of America addressed to the President of the Security Council

59. Letter dated 21 May 1968 from the Permanent Representative a.i. of Haiti addressed to the President of the Security Council

60. Letter dated 12 June 1968 from the Permanent Representatives of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and the United States of America addressed to the President of the Security Council

61. Letter dated 21 August 1968 from the representatives of Canada, Denmark, France, Paraguay, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and the United States of America addressed to the President of the Security Council

62. Complaint by Zambia

63. Letter dated 18 August 1969 from the Permanent Representative of the United States of America addressed to the President of the Security Council

64. Complaint by Guinea

65. The question of initiating periodic meetings of the Security Council in accordance with Article 28, paragraph 2, of the Charter

66. The situation created by increasing incidents involving hijacking of commercial aircraft

67. The situation in the India/Pakistan subcontinent

68. Letter dated 3 December 1971 from the Permanent Representatives of Algeria, Iraq, the Libyan Arab Republic and the People's Democratic Republic of Yemen to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

69. Request of the Organization of African Unity concerning the holding of meetings of the Council in an African capital (operative para. 2 of General Assembly resolution 2863 (XXVI))

70. Consideration of questions relating to Africa with which the Security Council is currently seized and implementation of its relevant resolutions

71. Consideration of measures for the maintenance and strengthening of international peace and security in Latin America in conformity with the provisions and principles of the Charter

72. Complaint by Cuba

73. Arrangements for the proposed Peace Conference on the Middle East

74. Complaint by Iraq concerning incidents on its frontier with Iran

75. The situation in Cyprus

76. Relationship between the United Nations and South Africa

77. The situation concerning Western Sahara

78. The situation in Timor

79. The Middle East problem including the Palestinian question

80. The situation in the Comoros

81. Communications from France and Somalia concerning the incident of 4 February 1976

82. Request by the Libyan Arab Republic and Pakistan for consideration of the serious situation arising from recent developments in the occupied Arab territories

83. Complaint by Kenya, on behalf of the African Group of States at the United Nations, concerning the act of aggression committed by South Africa against the People's Republic of Angola

84. The situation in the occupied Arab territories

85. The question of the exercise by the Palestinian people of its inalienable rights

86. Situation in South Africa: killings and violence by the apartheid regime in South Africa in Soweto and other areas

87. Complaint by the Prime Minister of Mauritius, current Chairman of the Organization of African Unity, of the "act of aggression" by Israel against the Republic of Uganda

88. Complaint by Zambia against South Africa

89. Complaint by Greece against Turkey

90. Complaint by Lesotho against South Africa

91. Complaint by Benin

92. The question of South Africa

93. Complaint by Angola against South Africa

94. Telegram dated 3 January 1979 from the Deputy Prime Minister in charge of Foreign Affairs of Democratic Kampuchea addressed to the President of the Security Council

95. The situation in South-East Asia and its implications for international peace and security. [Letter dated 22 February 1979 from the representatives of Norway, Portugal, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and the United States of America addressed to the President of the Security Council]

96. Letters dated 13 June 1979 and 15 June 1979 from the Permanent Representative of Morocco to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

97. Letter dated 25 November 1979 from the Secretary-General addressed to the President of the Security Council

98. Letter dated 22 December 1979 from the Permanent Representative of the United States of America to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

99. Letter dated 3 January 1980 addressed to the President of the Security Council by the representatives of Australia, the Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Belgium, Canada, Chile, China, Colombia, Costa Rica, Denmark, the Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Fiji, Germany, Federal Republic of, Greece, Haiti, Honduras, Iceland, Indonesia, Italy, Japan, Liberia, Luxembourg, Malaysia, the Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Oman, Pakistan, Panama, Papua New Guinea, the Philippines, Portugal, Saint Lucia, Samoa, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Singapore, Somalia, Spain, Suriname, Sweden, Thailand, Turkey, Uganda, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, the United States of America, Uruguay and Venezuela

100. Letter dated 1 September 1980 from the Permanent Representative of Malta to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

101. The situation between Iran and Iraq

102. Complaint by Iraq

103. Complaint by Seychelles

104. Letter dated 19 March 1982 from the Permanent Representative of Nicaragua to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General

105. Letter dated 1 April 1982 from the Permanent Representative of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

106. Letter dated 31 March 1982 from the President of the Republic of Kenya addressed to the President of the Security Council enclosing the letter dated 18 March 1982 from the President of the Republic of Chad addressed to the President of the Security Council

107. Question concerning the situation in the region of the Falkland Islands (Islas Malvinas)

108. Letter dated 19 February 1983 from the Permanent Representative of the Libyan Arab Jamahiriya to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

109. Letter dated 16 March 1983 from the Permanent Representative of Chad to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

110. Letter dated 22 March 1983 from the representative of Nicaragua on the Security Council addressed to the President of the Security Council

111. Letter dated 5 May 1983 from the representative of Nicaragua on the Security Council addressed to the President of the Security Council

112. Letter dated 2 August 1983 from the Permanent Representative of Chad to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

113. Letter dated 8 August 1983 from the Chargé d'affaires a.i. of the Permanent Mission of the Libyan Arab Jamahiriya to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

114. Letter dated 1 September 1983 from the Acting Permanent Representative of the United States of America to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

Letter dated 1 September 1983 from the Permanent Observer for the Republic of Korea to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

Letter dated 1 September 1983 from the Chargé d'affaires a.i. of the Permanent Mission of Canada to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

Letter dated 1 September 1983 from the Permanent Representative of Japan to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

Letter dated 2 September 1983 from the Acting Permanent Representative of Australia to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

115. Letter dated 12 September 1983 from the representative of Nicaragua on the Security Council addressed to the President of the Security Council

116. The situation in Grenada

117. Letter dated 3 February 1984 from the Chargé d'affaires a.i. of the Permanent Mission of Nicaragua to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

118. Letter dated 18 March 1984 from the Permanent Representative of the Sudan to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

119. Letter dated 22 March 1984 from the Chargé d'affaires a.i. of the Permanent Mission of the Libyan Arab Jamahiriya to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

120. Letter dated 29 March 1984 from the Permanent Representative of Nicaragua to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

121. Letter dated 21 May 1984 from the representatives of Bahrain, Kuwait, Oman, Qatar, Saudi Arabia and the United Arab Emirates addressed to the President of the Security Council

122. Letter dated 4 September 1984 from the Chargé d'affaires a.i. of the Permanent Mission of Nicaragua to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

123. Letter dated 3 October 1984 from the Permanent Representative of the Lao People's Democratic Republic to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

124. Letter dated 9 November 1984 from the Permanent Representative of Nicaragua to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

125. Letter dated 28 January 1985 from the Chargé d'affaires a.i. of the Permanent Mission of Chad to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

126. Letter dated 6 May 1985 from the Permanent Representative of Nicaragua to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

127. Letter dated 17 June 1985 from the Permanent Representative of Botswana to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

128. Letter dated 26 September 1985 from the Permanent Representative of Botswana to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

- Report of the Secretary-General pursuant to Security Council resolution 568 (1985)

129. Letter dated 1 October 1985 from the Permanent Representative of Tunisia to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

130. Letter dated 6 December 1985 from the Chargé d'affaires a.i. of the Permanent Mission of Nicaragua to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

131. Letter dated 16 December 1985 from the Permanent Representative of the United States of America to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

132. Letter dated 4 February 1986 from the Permanent Representative of the Syrian Arab Republic to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

133. The situation in southern Africa

134. Letter dated 25 March 1986 from the Permanent Representative of Malta to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

Letter dated 25 March 1986 from the Permanent Representative of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

Letter dated 26 March 1986 from the Permanent Representative of Iraq to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

135. Letter dated 12 April 1986 from the Chargé d'affaires a.i. of the Permanent Mission of Malta to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

136. Letter dated 15 April 1986 from the Chargé d'affaires a.i. of the Permanent Mission of the Libyan Arab Jamahiriya to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

Letter dated 15 April 1986 from the Chargé d'affaires a.i. of the Permanent Mission of Burkina Faso to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

Letter dated 15 April 1986 from the Chargé d'affaires a.i. of the Permanent Mission of the Syrian Arab Republic to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

Letter dated 15 April 1986 from the Permanent Representative of Oman to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

137. Letter dated 27 June 1986 from the Permanent Representative of Nicaragua to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

138. Letter dated 22 July 1986 from the Permanent Representative of Nicaragua to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

139. Letter dated 17 October 1986 from the Permanent Representative of Nicaragua to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

140. Letter dated 13 November 1986 from the Permanent Representative of Chad to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

141. Letter dated 9 December 1986 from the Permanent Representative of Nicaragua to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

142. Letter dated 10 February 1988 from the Permanent Observer of the Republic of Korea to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

Letter dated 10 February 1988 from the Permanent Representative of Japan to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

143. Letter dated 11 March 1988 from the Permanent Representative of Argentina to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

144. Letter dated 17 March 1988 from the Chargé d'affaires a.i. of the Permanent Mission of Nicaragua to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

145. Letter dated 19 April 1988 from the Permanent Representative of Tunisia to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

146. The situation relating to Afghanistan

147. Letter dated 17 December 1988 from the Permanent Representative of Angola to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General

Letter dated 17 December 1988 from the Permanent Representative of Cuba to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General

148. Letter dated 4 January 1989 from the Chargé d'affaires a.i. of the Permanent Mission of the Libyan Arab Jamahiriya addressed to the President of the Security Council

Letter dated 4 January 1989 from the Chargé d'affaires a.i. of the Permanent Mission of Bahrain addressed to the President of the Security Council

149. Letter dated 25 April 1989 from the Permanent Representative of Panama to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

150. Central America: efforts towards peace

151. The question of hostage-taking and abduction

152. Letter dated 27 November 1989 from the Permanent Representative of El Salvador to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

Letter dated 28 November 1989 from the Permanent Representative of Nicaragua to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

153. The situation in Panama

154. Letter dated 2 February 1990 from the Permanent Representative of Cuba to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

155. United Nations peace-keeping operations

156. The situation between Iraq and Kuwait

157. The situation in Cambodia

158. Letter dated 7 December 1990 from the President of the Trusteeship Council addressed to the President of the Security Council

159. The situation in Liberia

160. Letter dated 2 April 1991 from the Permanent Representative of Turkey to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

Letter dated 4 April 1991 from the Chargé d'affaires a.i. of the Permanent Mission of France to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

161. Letter dated 17 May 1991 from the Chargé d'affaires a.i. of the Permanent Mission of Angola to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

Report of the Secretary-General on the United Nations Angola Verification Mission

162. Letter dated 19 September 1991 from the Permanent Representative of Austria to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

Letter dated 19 September 1991 from the Permanent Representative of Canada to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

Letter dated 20 September 1991 from the Permanent Representative of Hungary to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

Letter dated 24 September 1991 from the Permanent Representative of Yugoslavia to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

163. Letter dated 30 September 1991 from the Permanent Representative of Haiti to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

164. Letter dated 24 November 1991 from the Secretary-General addressed to the President of the Security Council

Letter dated 21 November 1991 from the Permanent Representative of Germany to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

Letter dated 26 November 1991 from the Permanent Representative of France to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

165. Report of the Secretary-General pursuant to Security Council resolution 721 (1991)

166. Oral report of the Secretary-General pursuant to his report of 5 January 1992

167. Further report of the Secretary-General pursuant to Security Council resolution 721 (1991)

168. Letters dated 20 and 23 December 1991

169. Letter dated 20 January 1992 from the Chargé d'affaires a.i. of the Permanent Mission of Somalia to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

170. Letter dated 2 April 1991 from the Permanent Representative of Turkey to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

Letter dated 4 April 1991 from the Chargé d'affaires a.i. of the Permanent Mission of France to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

Letter dated 5 March 1992 from the Chargé d'affaires a.i. of the Permanent Mission of Belgium to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

171. The situation in Somalia

172. Further report of the Secretary-General on the United Nations Angola Verification Mission

173. (a) Letters dated 20 and 23 December 1991

(b) Report of the Secretary-General pursuant to paragraph 4 of Security Council resolution 731 (1992)

(c) Further report of the Secretary-General pursuant to paragraph 4 of Security Council resolution 731 (1992)

174. Letter dated 2 April 1992 from the Permanent Representative of Venezuela to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

175. Report of the Secretary-General pursuant to Security Council resolution 743 (1992)

176. Letter dated 23 April 1992 from the Chargé d'affaires a.i. of the Permanent Mission of Austria to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

Letter dated 24 April 1992 from the Permanent Representative of France to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

177. The situation relating to Nagorny-Karabakh

178. Further report of the Secretary-General pursuant to Security Council resolution 749 (1992)

179. Report of the Secretary-General pursuant to Security Council resolution 752 (1992)

Letter dated 26 May 1992 from the Permanent Representative of Canada to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

Letter dated 27 May 1992 from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Bosnia and Herzegovina addressed to the President of the Security Council

180. Report of the Secretary-General pursuant to Security Council resolution 757 (1992)

B. Between 16 June 1991 and 15 June 1992, items 162 to 180 above were added to the list of matters of which the Security Council is seized.

C. During the same period, the Council included the following item in the agenda of its 3046th meeting, on 31 January 1992, and concluded its consideration at the same meeting:

The responsibility of the Security Council in the maintenance of international peace and security

D. The Security Council also included the following item in the agenda of its 3080th meeting, on 21 May 1992, and concluded its consideration at the same meeting:

Letter dated 27 April 1992 from the Permanent Representative of Cuba to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council